

The Development of the JAES LVI Calculator Version 4, rev 1a

*Concept, Development, Implementation, and
Operation of the LVI Calculator*

By

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Orange → County Environmental Protection
Division

Constructs for JAES LVI Calculator v 4

- Fore, L. 2007. Assessing the Biological Condition of Florida Lakes: Development of the Lake Vegetation Index (LVI)
- F.A.C §62-303
- 2011 (LVI 2200) DEP-SOP 003-11 Lake Vegetation Index Determination – Index Calculation
- Common Software (Accessibility) MS Excel®
- Simple and Familiar Data Entry Process (Field Data Sheet **FD9000-27 LVI_Data_Sheet_6-21-11**)

New Features of Version 4

Notable New Features: SYN column, DropDown quadrant list.

- Place an “X” in the SYN column if the field biologist identified a synonym of the listed species. Synonyms described on the “All taxa” worksheet.
- Click on the DropDown list in the upper right corner to select your 4 quadrants; automatic population of columns
- Default taxa present on calculator worksheet reflect FD9000-27
- New CofC values for all taxa; reflected on both worksheets. Synonyms present for field biologist’s assistance on All Taxa Worksheet.

Changes made to previous version calculation pursuant to New SOP:

- FLEPPC Category 1 must be the status of the taxa to count toward the metric, rather than FLEPPC categories 1 and 2.
- Nativity metric is split into North and South formulas, with different constants than previous versions.
- Different constants used in FLEPPC1 Invasive metric calculation
- Different constants used in Sensitive taxa metric for both North and South equations.
- Different constants used if CofC Dominant metric for both North and South equations.

[illegible][illegible]

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Excel interface with the file "lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls" open. The title bar includes standard Windows window controls and the application name. The menu bar shows options like File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Data, Window, Help, and Adobe PDF. A toolbar at the top contains various icons for file operations and editing. Below the toolbar, the status bar indicates the active cell is A16, the selected range is BACOPA monnieri, and the zoom level is 75%. The main worksheet area features a complex spreadsheet titled "Lake Vegetation Index Calculator ver. 4 rev 1a [FDEP rel. July 2012]". This spreadsheet includes input fields for "Waterbody:", "County:", "Date:", "Analyst:", and "Signature:". It also has sections for "Plants in bold=exotic; (1)= category 1 invasive (worst); (2)=category 2 invasive.", "Lake Sections Sampled ----->", and a dropdown menu labeled "Please Click DropDown Menu ----->". A prominent instruction states: "It is important to note dominant or co-dominant taxa (by areal extent) for each unit. Use \"D\" to denote dominant taxon, or \"C\" for the 2 co-dominant taxa." The core of the spreadsheet is a large table with columns for species names, their synonyms (SYN), CofC values, and a series of 28 columns representing different lake sections (0 through 27). Each section column contains numerical data points. A "Delete Row" button is located on the right side of the table. The table lists numerous plant species, including Aomella oppositifolia repens, Alternanthera philoxeroides, Andropogon, Azolla caroliniana, Baccharis, Bacopa caroliniana, Bacopa monnieri, Bidens laevis, Bidens mitis, Blechnum serrulatum, Boehmeria cylindrica, Brasenia schreberi, Cabomba caroliniana, Casuarina equisetifolia, Centella asiatica, Cephalanthus occidentalis, Ceratophyllum demersum, Chara, Cladium jamaicense, Cliftonia monophylla, Colocasia esculenta, Commelina diffusa, Commelina virginica, Crinum americanum, Cyperus alternifolius, Cyperus articulatus, Cyperus haspan, Cyperus lecontei, Cyperus odoratus, Cyperus polystachyos, Cyperus surinamensis, Cyrilla racemiflora, Decodon verticillatus, Diodia virginiana, Echinochloa crusgalli, Echinochloa muricata, and Echinochloa walteri.

JAES LVI All_Taxa Worksheet

This is the Second Worksheet Included with the JAES Calculator. It's basically Appendix LVI 1000-1 with a column of calculations to figure out formulas.

Microsoft Excel - LVI_Data_Sheet_v3_Calculator_r1a.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

75% Arial 10

A1 Acer rubrum

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W
1	Acer rubrum	4.88	NO	Native	1																		
2	Acer saccharinum	6.89	NO	Native	1																		
3	Acemella oppositifolia		NO	Native	6																		
4	Acrostichum danaeifolium	5.79	NO	Native	1																		
5	Aeschynomene indica	0.49	NO	Exotic	3																		
6	Agalinis laxifolia		NO	Native	6																		
7	Agalinis linifolia	7.04	NO	Native	1																		
8	Agarista populifolia	7.7	NO	Native	1																		
9	Alnus serrulata		NO	Native	6																		
10	Alternanthera philoxeroides	0	FLEPPC Cat II	Exotic	2																		
11	Alternanthera sessilis	0.11	NO	Exotic	3																		
12	Alternanthera tenella	0	NO	Exotic	3																		
13	Amaranthus australis		NO	Native	6																		
14	Ammannia		NO	Native	6																		
15	Ammannia oocinea	5.06	NO	Native	1																		
16	Ammannia latifolia	4.95	NO	Native	1																		
17	Amorpha fruticosa	4.91	NO	Native	1																		
18	Amphicarpum floridanum	5.7	NO	Native	1																		
19	Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum	5.7	NO	Native	1																		
20	Andropogon glomeratus	3.9	NO	Native	1																		
21	Andropogon agrans	6.07	NO	Native	1																		
22	Andropogon agrans stenophyllus	6.07	NO	Native	1																		
23	Andropogon lehmannii	6.15	NO	Native	1																		
24	Andropogon mohrii	6.13	NO	Native	1																		
25	Andropogon perangustatus	6.07	NO	Native	1																		
26	Andropogon virginicus	3.44	NO	Native	1																		
27	Annona glabra	5.21	NO	Native	1																		
28	Apios americana	3.89	NO	Native	1																		
29	Ardisia escafontioides		NO	Native	6																		
30	Aristida affinis	8.23	NO	Native	1																		
31	Aristida purpurascens	5.58	NO	Native	1																		
32	Aristida stricta	8.67	NO	Native	1																		
33	Arnoglossum sulcatum		NO	Native	6																		
34	Aronia arbutifolia	5.2	NO	Native	1																		
35	Arundinaria		NO	Native	6																		
36	Arundinaria gigantea	5.25	NO	Native	1																		
37	Arundo donax	0	NO	Exotic	3																		
38	Asclepias lanceolata	6.73	NO	Native	1																		
39	Aster carolinianus	3.93	NO	Native	1																		
40	Aster dumosus	2.53	NO	Native	1																		
41	Aster ellipticus	6.76	NO	Native	1																		
42	Aster juniperus		NO	Native	6																		
43	Aster subulatus	5.74	NO	Native	1																		
44	Avicennia germinans		NO	Native	6																		
45	Axonopus affinis	1.89	NO	Native	1																		
46	Axonopus furcatus	2.12	NO	Native	1																		
47	Azolla caroliniana	1.81	NO	Native	1																		
48	Baccharis		NO	Native	6																		
49	Baccharis angustifolia	4.2	NO	Native	1																		
50	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12	NO	Native	1																		
51	Baccharis halimifolia	2.53	NO	Native	1																		
52	Bacopa		NO	Native	6																		
53	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31	NO	Native	1																		
54	Bacopa inominata	7.48	NO	Native	1																		
55	Bacopa monnieri	4.49	NO	Native	1																		
56	Bidens		NO	Native	6																		
57	Bidens alba	1	NO	Native	1																		
58	Bidens discoidea		NO	Native	6																		
59	Bidens laevis	7.19	NO	Native	1																		
60	Bidens matris	6.31	NO	Native	1																		
61	Bidens pilosa	1.64	NO	Exotic	3																		

NUM

Ready

start

Inbox - Microsoft Out...

Microsoft Excel - LVI...

S:\Water Quality Mg...

Microsoft PowerPoint ...

untitled - Paint

Document1 - Microsof...

11:02 AM

Notice the Automatic “Add” Button on THIS sheet. This will be covered in detail later.

Closer Look Calculator Sheet – Upper Left

Microsoft Excel - lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

Type a question for help

200% Times New Roman 10

A16 Bacopa monnieri

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1							
2	Lake Vegetation						
3	Waterbody:						County:
4	Analyst:						Signature:
5							Plants in b
6							
7	It is important to note dominant or co-dominant						
8	SPECIES	SYN	CofC	0	dI	Nat	Inv
10	Acmella oppositifolia repens		3.00		0	0	0
11	Alternanthera philoxeroides		0.00		0	0	0
12	Andropogon				0	0	0
13	Azolla caroliniana		1.81		0	0	0
14	Baccharis				0	0	0
15	Bacopa caroliniana		4.50		0	0	0

Closer Look Calculator Sheet – Lower Left

[illegible]

Top Right of Form – Lake Sections

Index Calculator ver. 4 rev 1a [FDEP rel. July 2012]

Date: _____

STORET: **4**

Please Click DropDown Menu----->

1	4	7	10
2	5	8	11
3	6	9	12

Delete Row

User Selects, from the dropdown list, the 4 Sample sections from the Lake.

These 4 numbers will distribute themselves throughout the form automatically

Top Right of Form – Lake Sections

Microsoft Excel - LVI Data Sheet_v3_Calculator_r1a.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

Type a question for help

A190 LVI Score Summary

	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AI	AJ
1																	
2																	
3																	
4																	
5																	
6	mpled ----->				1	4	7	10									
7																	
8	ant taxa.																
9	Dom	10	di	Nat	Inv	Seu	Dom										
10																	
11																	
12																	
13																	
14																	
15																	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	
21	0.00		0	0	0	0	0	0.00									
22	0.00		0	0	0	0	0	0.00									
23	0.00		0	0	0	0	0	0.00									

Delete Row

To Delete Rows: First Select Taxon, then click Delete Row button

This Button will allow you to delete rows. First, you select the Taxon under column A, then you press this button.

This will be covered in detail later.

Calculator / All_Taxa /

Draw AutoShapes

Ready

start

Inbox - Microsoft Out...

Microsoft Excel - LVI...

S:\Water Quality Mg...

Microsoft PowerPoint ...

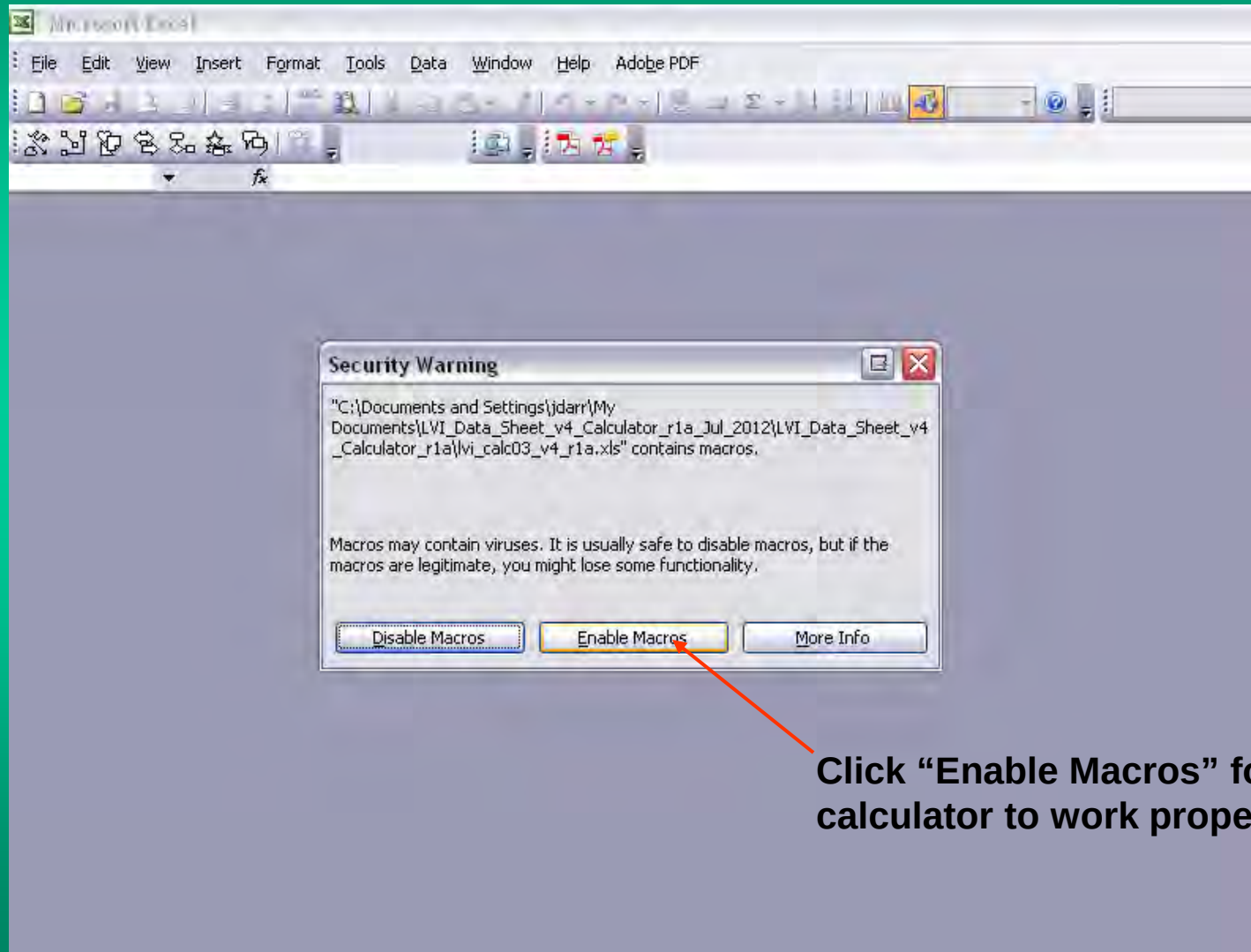
Document1 - Microsof...

NUM

11:12 AM

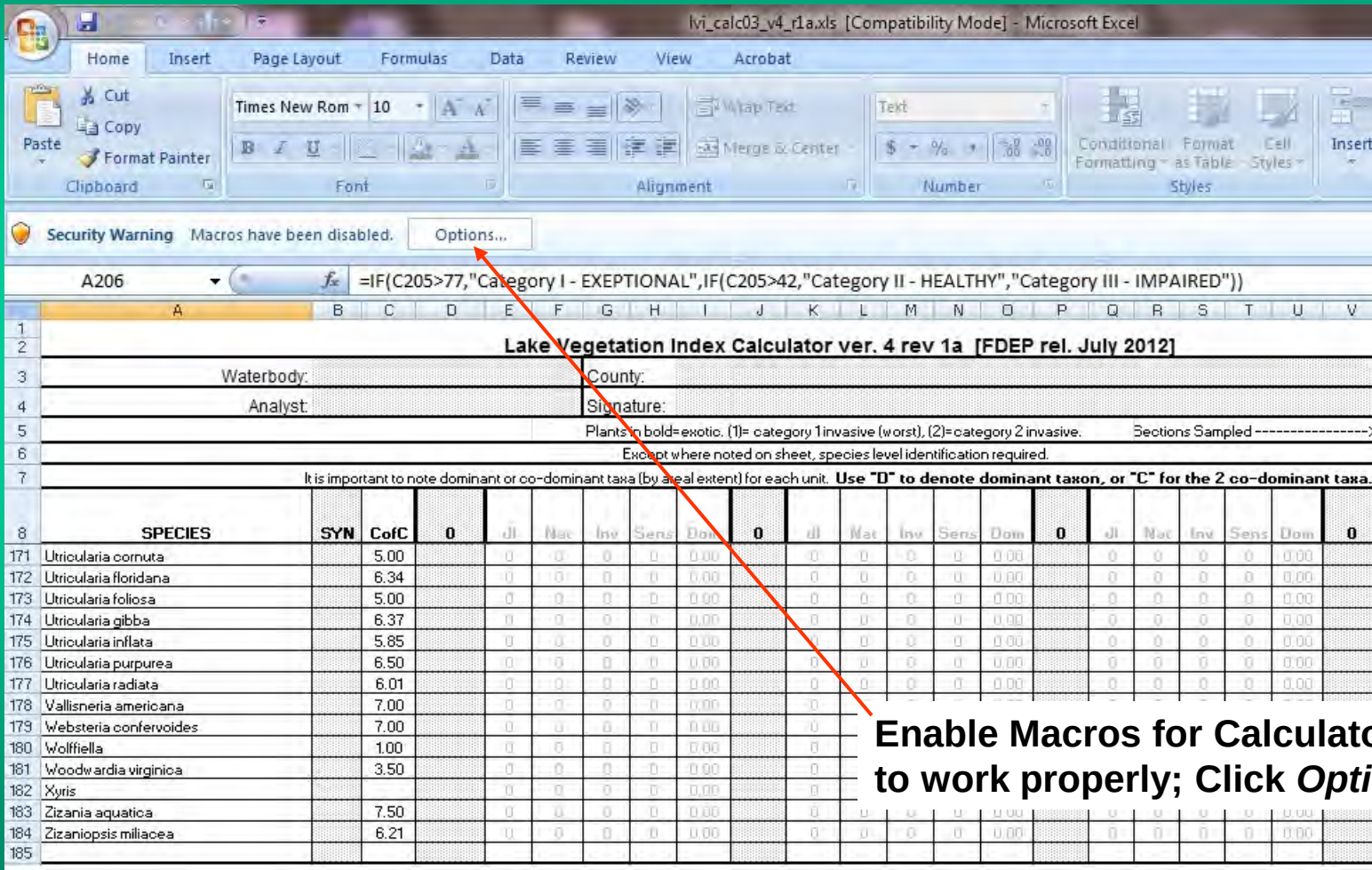
Starting the Calculator

Enable Macros; Excel (1997-2003)



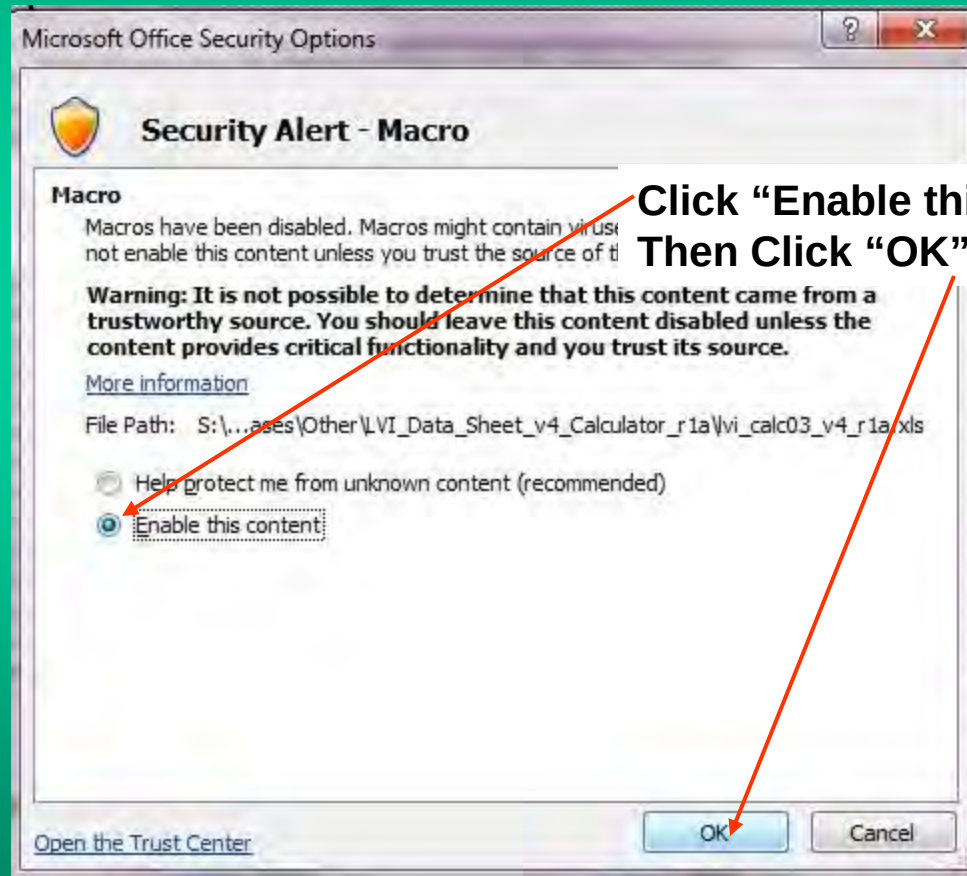
Enable Macros; Excel (2007-2010)

Step 1



Enable Macros; Excel (2007-2010)

Step 2



Click "Enable this Content" button,
Then Click "OK"

Using the Calculator

Mark taxa in Section Column

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1								
2	Lake Vegetation							
3	Waterbody:						County:	
4	Analyst:						Signature:	
5	User will enter a "1" for present, or a "C" for Co-dominant, or a "D" for dominant, for each Plants in box							
6	section. (The letters are NOT case sensitive) Ex							
7	It is important to note dominant or co-dominant							
8	SPECIES	SYN	CofC		dL	Nat	Inv	Se
10	Acmella oppositifolia repens	x	3.00	1	0	1	0	0
11	Alternanthera philoxeroides		0.00	D	1	0	0	0
12	Alternanthera philoxeroides				0	0	0	0
13	Azolla caroliniana		1.81		0	0	0	0
14	Baccharis				0	0	0	0
15	Baccharis		4.50	1	0	1	0	0
16	Baccharis		3.50	1	0	1	0	0
17	Baccharis		5.50		0	0	0	0

User will enter an "X" under SYN (Synonym) column if they originally identified one of the listed synonyms found on "All Taxa" worksheet. *This is only for indication purposes*; it does not control the calculator. This case: User identified *Spilanthes americana* originally, which is a synonym for *A. oppositifolia repens*

Missing C of C Scores - CoDominance

(Pay ATTENTION to THIS)

Pursuant to FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.4: *If the C of C is only listed for 1 of 2 co-dominant taxa, then the Dominant C of C metric values shall be the C of C of the co-dominant that has a C of C score.*

To Achieve this in the Calculator: Use a “**D**” for the co-dominant taxon that **has** the CofC, and put a “**C**” for the taxon that is missing the CofC. (Again, letters are *not* case-sensitive)

If the calculator sees both a “D” and a “C” in a column it understands that you are attempting to show that one of the co-dominants does not have a CofC, and you want to use the CofC from the taxon that **does** have a value; the one marked with a “D”.

13	<i>Azolla caroliniana</i>		1.01		0	0	0	0	0.00
14	<i>Baccharis</i>			C	0	1	0	0	0.00
15	<i>Bacopa caroliniana</i>		4.50	D	1	1	0	0	4.50

Scores are automatically calculated

[illegible]

Adding New Taxa

Adding Taxon Data

- *Aeschynomene indica*

At some point, the user will need to enter taxa that are not listed on the calculator. This calculator has two worksheets included in it. The first is the calculator worksheet, the second is the complete list of taxa from the FDEP SOP Appendix LVI 1000-1 (6-21-11).

In our example here, the user wants to add *Aeschynomene indica* to the calculator worksheet. The next screens will show the steps on how to do this.



Adding Taxa: Step 1

The screenshot displays a Microsoft Excel window titled "Microsoft Excel - LVI_Data_Sheet_v3_Calculator_r1a.xls". The main spreadsheet contains a list of plant species in column A, with columns B through S providing numerical and categorical data. A red circle highlights the "All_Taxa" worksheet tab at the bottom of the Excel window. A red arrow points from this tab to a secondary list of taxa on the right side of the image.

The secondary list contains the following data:

49	Baccharis angustifolia	4.2	NO	Native	1
50	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12	NO	Native	1
51	Baccharis halimifolia	2.53	NO	Native	1
52	Bacopa		NO	Native	6
53	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31	NO	Native	1
54	Bacopa inominata	7.48	NO	Native	1
55	Bacopa monnieri	4.49	NO	Native	1
56	Bidens		NO	Native	6
57	Bidens alba	1	NO	Native	1
58	Bidens discoidea		NO	Native	6
59	Bidens laevis	7.19	NO	Native	1
60	Bidens mitis	6.31	NO	Native	1
61	Bidens pilosa	1.64	NO	Exotic	3

User Clicks on the “All_Taxa” worksheet tab to reveal all the taxa from which to select.

Adding Taxa: Step 2

Microsoft Excel - LVI_Data_Sheet_v3_Calculator_r1a.xls

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

100% Arial

A5 Aeschnomene indica

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
1	Acer rubrum	4.65	NO	Native	1											
2	Acer saccharinum	6.89	NO	Native	1											
3	Acemella oppositifolia		NO	Native	6											
4	Acrostichum danaeifolium	5.79	NO	Native	1											
5	Aeschnomene indica	0.4	NO	Exotic	3											
6	Agalinis fasciculata		NO	Native	1											
7	Agalinis linifolia	7.04	NO	Native	1											
8	Agarista populifolia	7.7	NO	Native	1											
9	Alnus serrulata		NO	Native	6											
10	Alternanthera philoxeroides	0	FLEPPC Cat II	Exotic	2											
11	Alternanthera sessilis	0.11	NO	Exotic	3											
12	Alternanthera tenella		NO	Exotic	3											
13	Amaranthus australis		NO	Native	6											
14	Ammannia		NO	Native	6											
15	Ammannia coccinea	5.06	NO	Native	1											
16	Ammannia latifolia	4.55	NO	Native	1											
17	Amorpha fruticosa	4.31	NO	Native	1											
18	Amphicarpum floridanum	5.7	NO	Native	1											
19	Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum	5.7	NO	Native	1											
20	Andropogon glomeratus	3.9	NO	Native	1											
21	Andropogon gyrans	6.07	NO	Native	1											
22	Andropogon gyrans stenophyllus	6.07	NO	Native	1											
23	Andropogon liebmanii	6.13	NO	Native	1											
24	Andropogon mohrii	6.13	NO	Native	1											
25	Andropogon perangustatus	6.07	NO	Native	1											
26	Andropogon virginicus	3.44	NO	Native	1											
27	Annona glabra	6.21	NO	Native	1											
28	Apios americana	3.85	NO	Native	1											
29	Andisia escallonioides		NO	Native	6											
30	Anisida affinis	8.23	NO	Native	1											
31	Anisida purpurascens	5.58	NO	Native	1											
32	Anisida stricta	8.67	NO	Native	1											
33	Amoglossum sulcatum		NO	Native	6											
34	Aronia arbutifolia	5.2	NO	Native	1											
35	Arundinaria		NO	Native	6											
36	Arundinaria gigantea	5.25	NO	Native	1											
37	Arundo donax	0	NO	Exotic	3											
38	Asclepias lanceolata	6.73	NO	Native	1											
39	Aster carolinianus	3.93	NO	Native	1											
40	Aster dumosus	2.53	NO	Native	1											
41	Aster elliotii	6.76	NO	Native	1											
42	Aster juniperus		NO	Native	6											
43	Aster subulatus	5.74	NO	Native	1											
44	Avicennia germinans		NO	Native	6											
45	Axonopus affinis	1.89	NO	Native	1											
46	Axonopus furcatus	2.12	NO	Native	1											
47	Azolla caroliniana	1.81	NO	Native	1											

Add Row to Calculator -- Select Row First

To Add Taxons to Calculator: Select taxon under column A on THIS Sheet, Then click Add Row to Calculator Bu

User then finds the desired taxon under column A, and “Clicks” on the taxon.
(Just cell in Column A -- NOT whole row)

Microsoft Excel - lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls

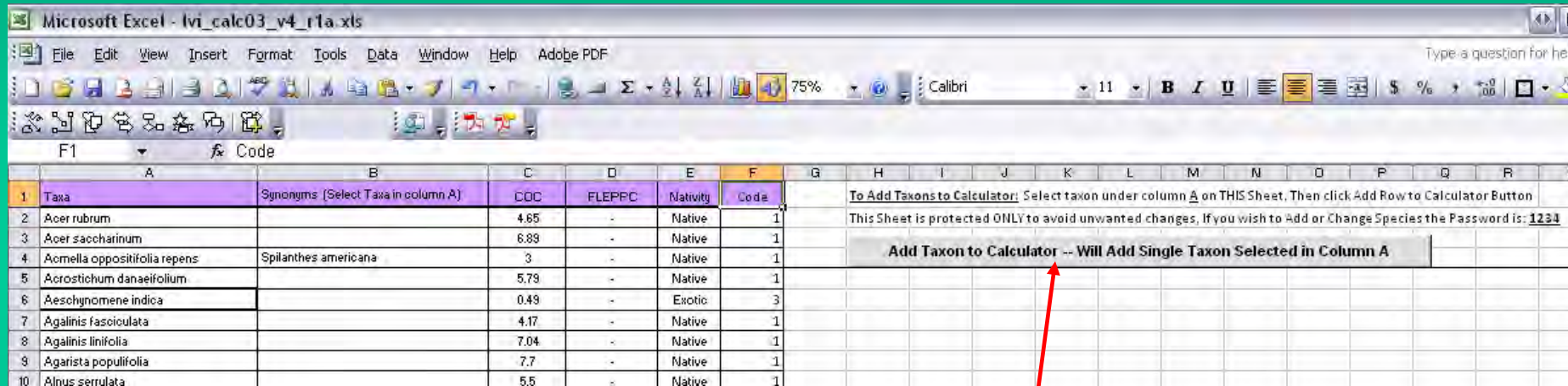
File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

100% Calibri

F1 Code

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Taxa	Synonyms (Select Taxa in column A)	COC	FLEPPC	Nativity	Code		To Add Taxa
2	Acer rubrum		4.65	-	Native	1		This Sheet i
3	Acer saccharinum		6.89	-	Native	1		
4	Acemella oppositifolia repens	Spilanthes americana	3	-	Native	1		Add
5	Acrostichum danaeifolium		5.79	-	Native	1		
6	Aeschnomene indica		0.49	-	Exotic	3		
7	Agalinis fasciculata		4.17	-	Native	1		
8	Agalinis linifolia		7.04	-	Native	1		
9	Agarista populifolia		7.7	-	Native	1		
10	Alnus serrulata		5.5	-	Native	1		
11	Alternanthera philoxeroides		0	Category 2	Exotic	3		
12	Alternanthera sessilis	Alternanthera tenella	0.11	-	Exotic	3		
13	Amaranthus australis		1	-	Native	1		
14	Ammannia		-	-	Native	6		
15	Ammannia coccinea		5.06	-	Native	1		
16	Ammannia latifolia		4.55	-	Native	1		
17	Amorpha fruticosa		4.31	-	Native	1		
18	Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum		5.7	-	Native	1		

Adding Taxa: Step 3



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls". The spreadsheet has columns A through R. Column A is labeled "Taxa", column B is "Synonyms (Select Taxa in column A)", column C is "COC", column D is "FLEPPC", column E is "Nativity", and column F is "Code". The data rows are as follows:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Taxa	Synonyms (Select Taxa in column A)	COC	FLEPPC	Nativity	Code
2	Acer rubrum		4.65	-	Native	1
3	Acer saccharinum		6.89	-	Native	1
4	Acmella oppositifolia repens	Spilanthes americana	3	-	Native	1
5	Acrostichum danaeifolium		5.79	-	Native	1
6	Aeschynomene indica		0.49	-	Exotic	3
7	Agalinis fasciculata		4.17	-	Native	1
8	Agalinis linifolia		7.04	-	Native	1
9	Agarista populifolia		7.7	-	Native	1
10	Alnus serrulata		5.5	-	Native	1

Below the spreadsheet, there is a text box with the instruction: "To Add Taxons to Calculator: Select taxon under column A on THIS Sheet. Then click Add Row to Calculator Button". Below this text box is a button labeled "Add Taxon to Calculator -- Will Add Single Taxon Selected in Column A". A red arrow points from the text box to the button.

User then "Clicks" on "Add Taxon to Calculator" button.

Adding Taxa: Verifying Add

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet with a list of taxa in column A. The 'Aeschynomene indica' row is highlighted. A 'Verify Add' dialog box is open, asking for confirmation to add the taxon to the calculator. A red arrow points to the 'Yes' button.

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Acer rubrum	4.65	NO	Native	1
2	Acer saccharinum	6.89	NO	Native	1
3	Acemella oppositifolia		NO	Native	6
4	Acrostichum danaeifolium	5.79	NO	Native	1
5	Aeschynomene indica	0.45	NO	Exotic	3
6	Agalinis fasciculata		NO	Native	6
7	Agalinis linifolia	7.04	NO	Native	1
8	Agarista populifolia	7.7	NO	Native	1
9	Alnus semulata		NO	Native	6
10	Alternanthera philoxeroides	0	FLEPPC Cat II	Exotic	2
11	Alternanthera sessilis	0.11	NO	Exotic	3
12	Alternanthera tenella	0	NO	Exotic	3
13	Amaranthus australis		NO	Native	6
14	Ammannia		NO	Native	6
15	Ammannia coccinea	5.06	NO	Native	1
16	Ammannia latifolia	4.55	NO	Native	1
17	Amorpha fruticosa	4.31	NO	Native	1
18	Amphicarpum floridanum		NO	Native	1
19	Amphicarpum mühlenbergianum	5.7	NO	Native	1
20	Andropogon glomeratus	3.9	NO	Native	1
21	Andropogon gyrans	6.07	NO		
22	Andropogon gyrans stenophyllus	6.07	NO		
23	Andropogon liebmanii	6.13	NO		
24	Andropogon mohrii	6.13	NO		
25	Andropogon perangustatus	6.07	NO		
26	Andropogon virginicus	3.44	NO		
27	Annona glabra	6.21	NO	Native	1
28	Apios americana	3.85	NO	Native	1
29	Andisia escallonioides		NO	Native	6
30	Anistida affinis	8.23	NO	Native	1
31	Anistida purpurascens	5.58	NO	Native	1
32	Anistida stricta	8.67	NO	Native	1
33	Arnoglossum sulcatum		NO	Native	6
34	Aronia arbutifolia	5.2	NO	Native	7
35	Arundinaria		NO	Native	7
36	Arundinaria gigantea	5.25	NO	Native	7
37	Arundo donax	0	NO	Exotic	3
38	Asclepias lanceolata	6.73	NO	Native	3
39	Aster carolinianus	3.93	NO	Native	3
40	Aster dumosus	2.53	NO	Native	7
41	Aster ellipticus	6.76	NO	Native	7
42	Aster juniperinus		NO	Native	7
43	Aster subulatus	5.74	NO	Native	7
44	Avicennia germinans		NO	Native	3
45	Axonopus affinis	1.89	NO	Native	3
46	Axonopus furcatus	2.12	NO	Native	3
47	Azolla caroliniana	1.81	NO	Native	3

User will verify the Add by clicking YES. If taxon is incorrect, then user can click NO.

Adding Taxa: Complete

Microsoft Excel - lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls

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A11 Aeschnomene indica

Lake Vegetation Index Calculator ver. 4 rev 1a [FDEP rel. July 2012]

Waterbody: County:

Analyst: Signature:

Plants in bold=exotic, (1)= category 1 invasive (worst), (2)=category 2 invasive. Lake S

Except where noted on sheet, species level identification required.

It is important to note dominant or co-dominant taxa (by areal extent) for each unit. Use "D" to denote dominant taxon, or "C" for the 2

SPECIES	SYN	CofC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<i>Acnella oppositifolia repens</i>	8	3.00	1																
Aeschnomene indica		0.49																	
Alternanthera philoxeroides		0.00	D							1									
Andropogon										D									1
Azolla caroliniana		1.81																	
Baccharis																			
Bacopa caroliniana		4.50	1																
Bacopa monnieri		3.50	1																

When you click the "Add" button, you will notice a lot of quick scrolling of the worksheets happening; this is Normal. When finished, you will notice the new taxon inserted alphabetically in the calculator. It will automatically have the correct formulae embedded into its row. You are finished with the Add.

Deleting Taxa

Deleting Taxa within a Protected Document

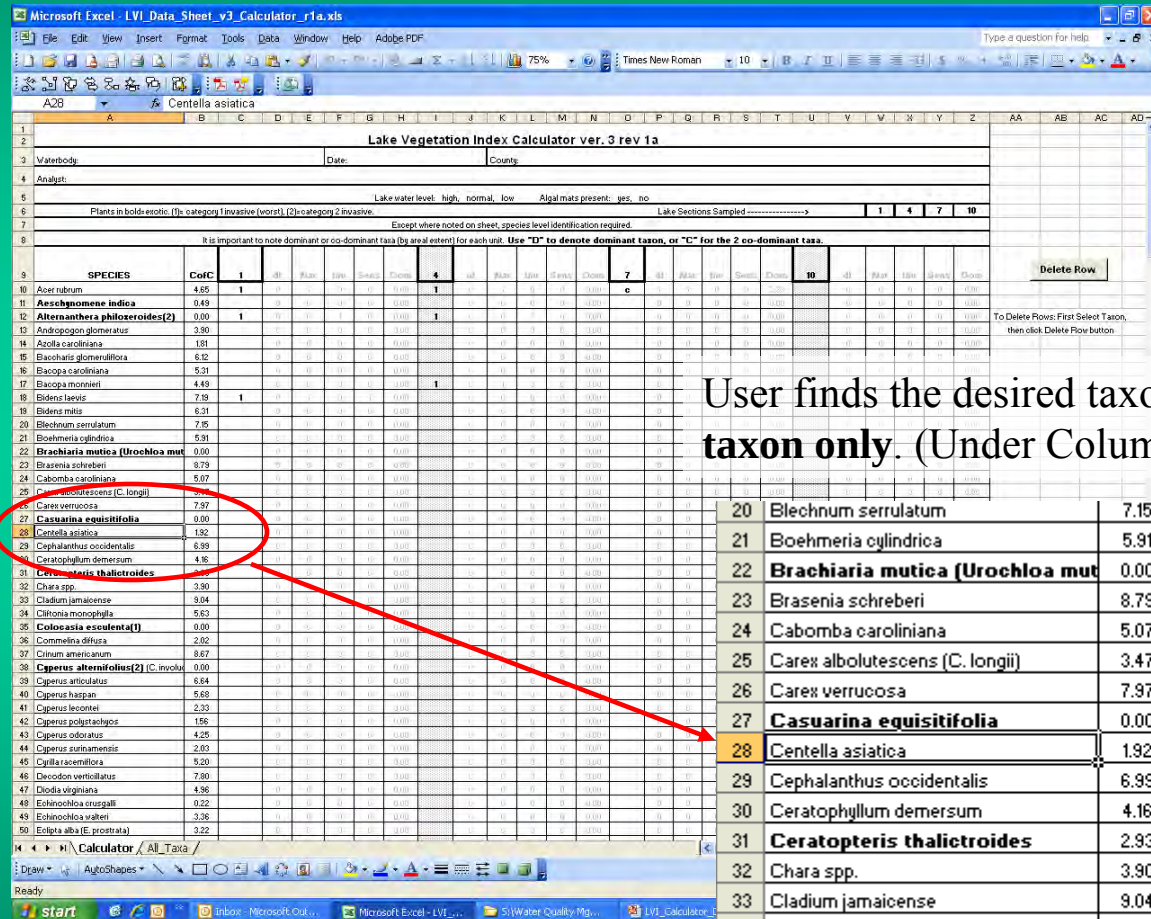
The JAES LVI Calculator worksheet is protected by password to keep unauthorized changes from happening to cells that calculate the score.

Consequently, the user cannot delete any taxa within the worksheet without using the delete button included in the upper right corner of the calculator worksheet.

If we wanted to delete a taxon that we don't want anymore in the calculator, we can use the delete button, and delete as many taxa as we want, one at a time.

The following slides will show the easy 2 step process and verification step to delete a taxon.

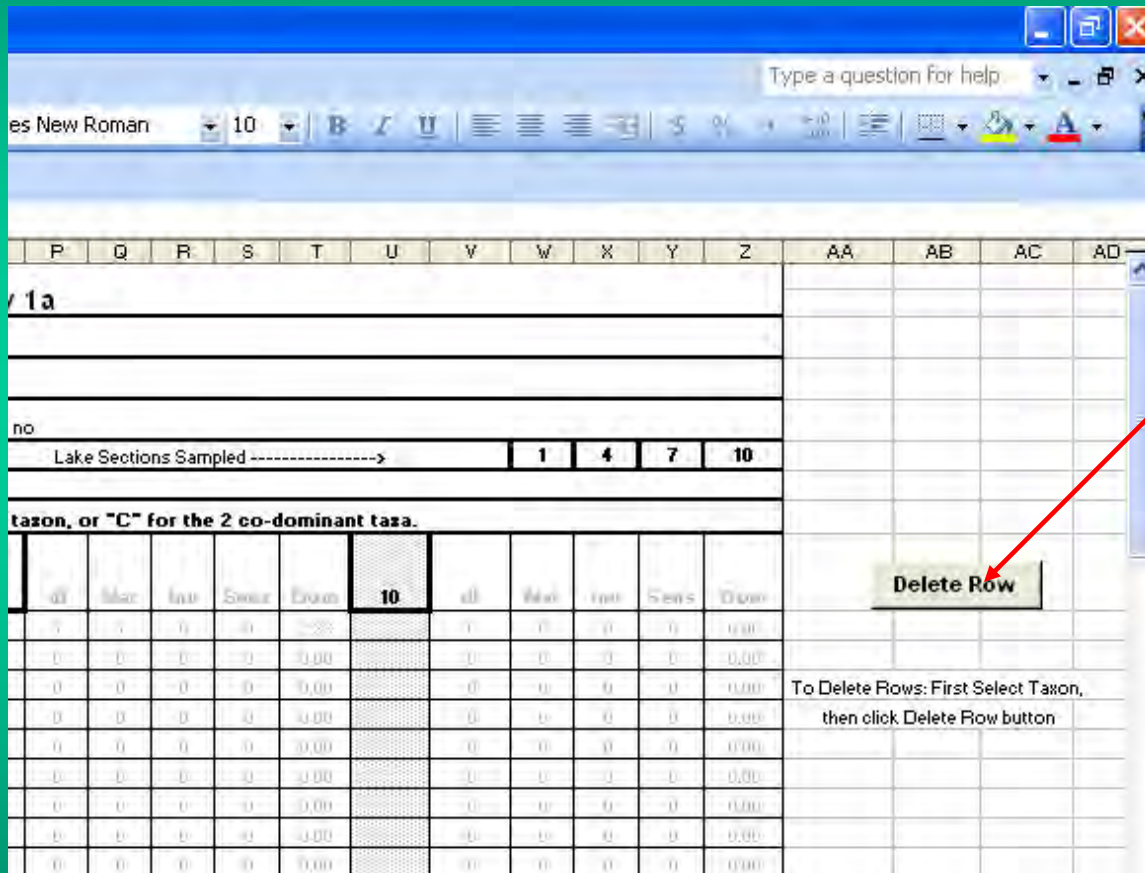
Deleting Taxa (Rows): Step 1



User finds the desired taxon to delete, and then “Clicks” on the taxon only. (Under Column A – NOT the whole row)

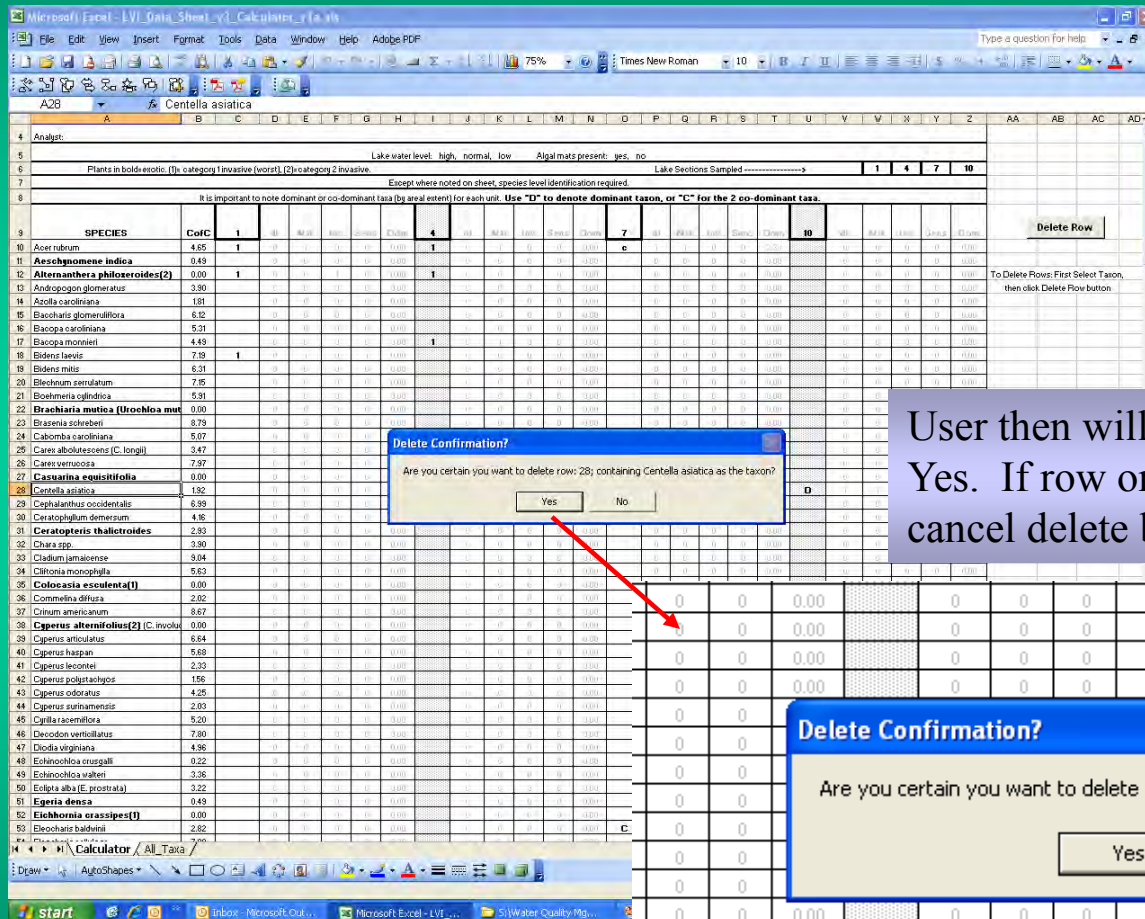
20	Blechnum serrulatum	7.15		0	0	0	0	0.00	
21	Boehmeria cylindrica	5.91		0	0	0	0	0.00	
22	Brachiaria mutica (Urochloa mutica)	0.00		0	0	0	0	0.00	
23	Brasenia schreberi	8.79		0	0	0	0	0.00	
24	Cabomba caroliniana	5.07		0	0	0	0	0.00	
25	Carex albolutea (C. longii)	3.47		0	0	0	0	0.00	
26	Carex verrucosa	7.97		0	0	0	0	0.00	
27	Casuarina equisetifolia	0.00		0	0	0	0	0.00	
28	Centella asiatica	1.92		0	0	0	0	0.00	
29	Cephalanthus occidentalis	6.99		0	0	0	0	0.00	
30	Ceratophyllum demersum	4.16		0	0	0	0	0.00	
31	Ceratopteris thalictroides	2.93		0	0	0	0	0.00	
32	Chara spp.	3.90		0	0	0	0	0.00	
33	Cladium jamaicense	9.04		0	0	0	0	0.00	
34	Clitonia monophylla	5.63		0	0	0	0	0.00	
35	Colocasia esculenta(1)	0.00		0	0	0	0	0.00	
36	Commelina diffusa	2.02		0	0	0	0	0.00	
37	Crinum americanum	8.67		0	0	0	0	0.00	

Deleting Taxa (Rows): Step 2

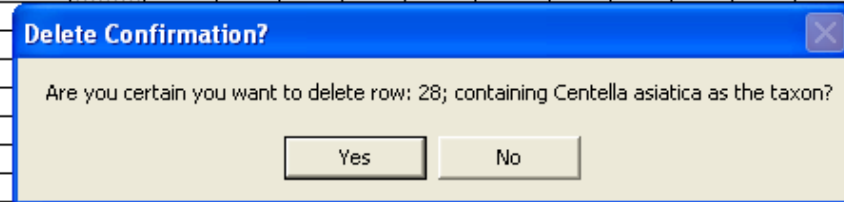


User then “Clicks” on the “Delete Row” button in the upper right corner of the worksheet.

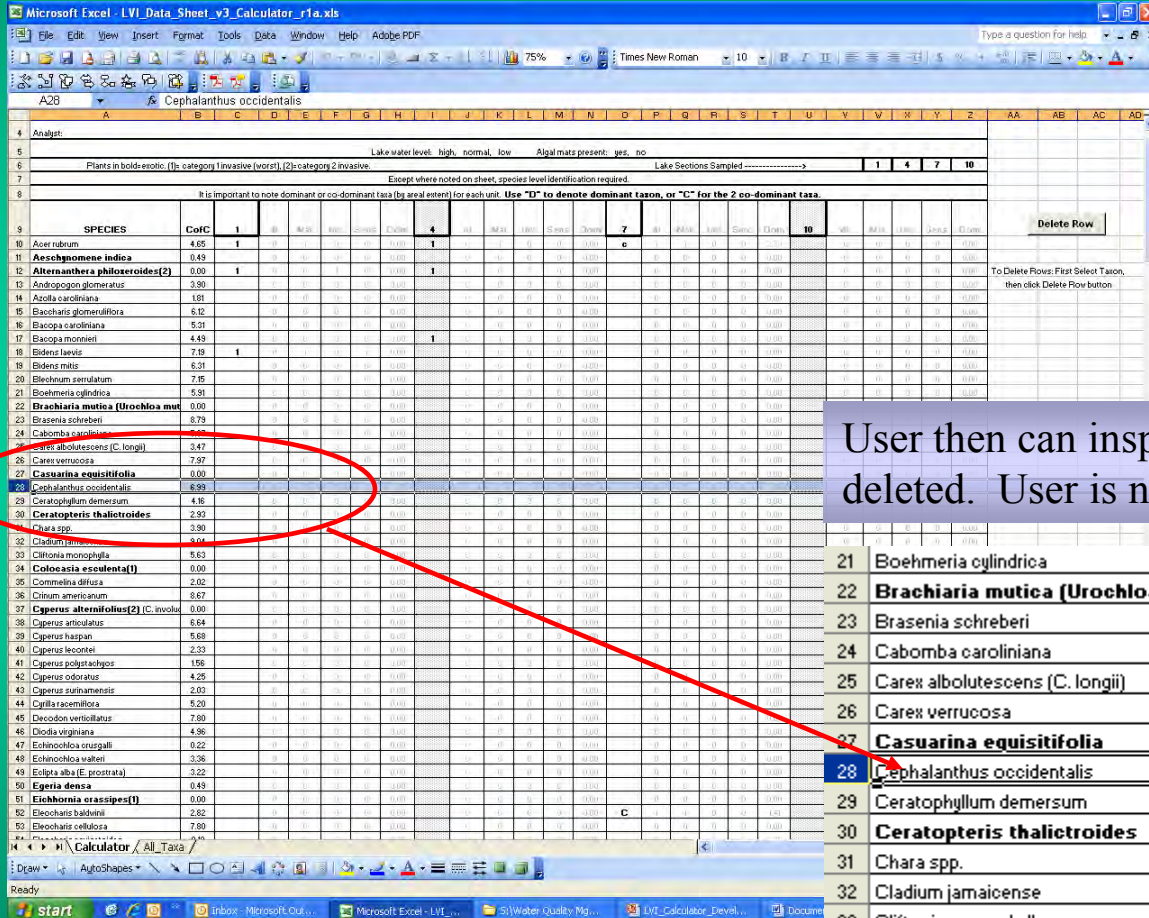
Deleting Taxa (Rows): Verify Delete



User then will Verify the Delete, by pressing Yes. If row or taxon is incorrect, then user can cancel delete by pressing NO.



Deleting Taxa (Rows): Complete



User then can inspect that the taxon (row) has been deleted. User is now finished with Delete.

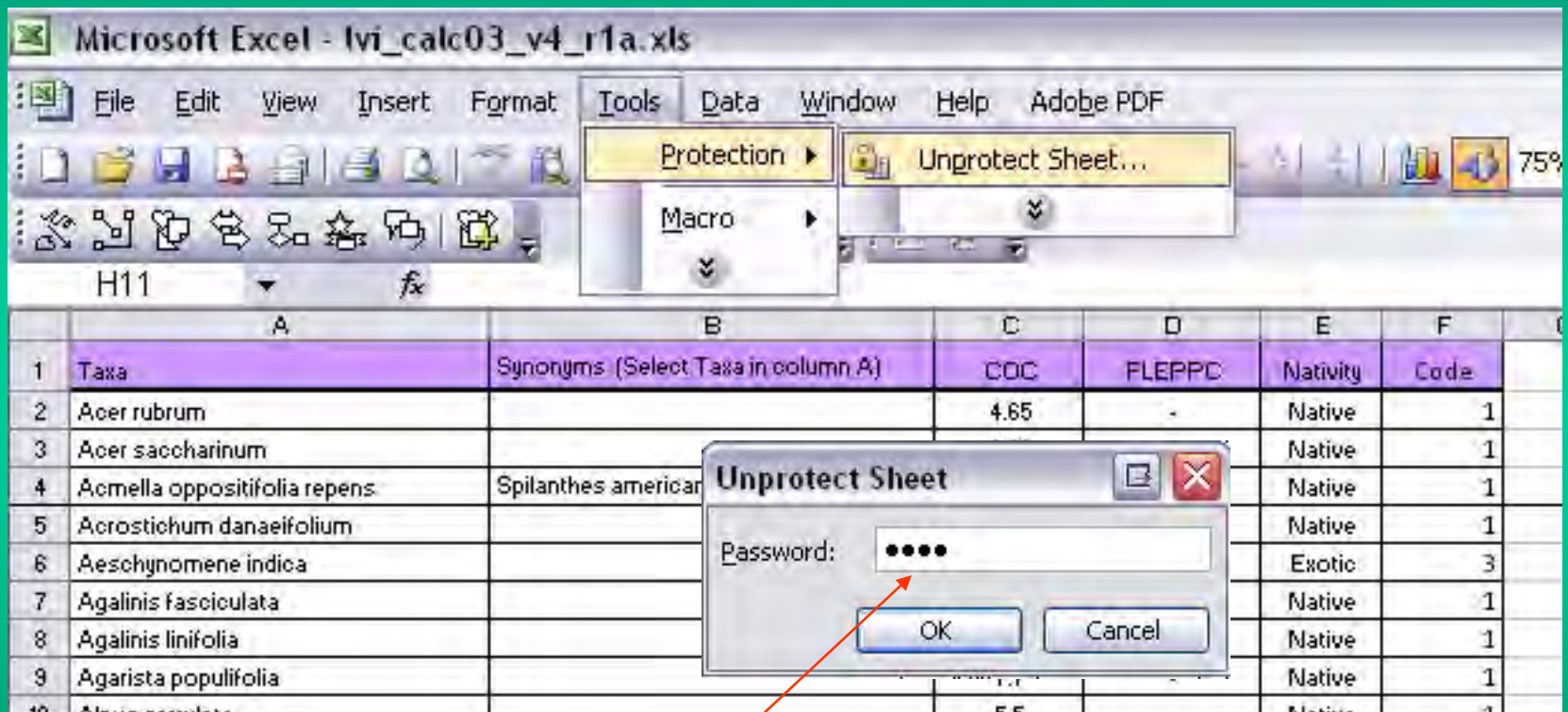
[illegible]

Updating “All Taxa” Worksheet

Please keep in mind: We are talking about the “All_Taxa” worksheet, **NOT** the Calculator. Updating this sheet is reserved for when there are new taxa found that are not on the master “All_Taxa” worksheet, or modifications need to be made to the CofC’s or invasive or native status’ of taxa.

DO NOT ATTEMPT to Add or Delete Taxa from the **Calculator** using the following techniques. This is **only** for updating the “All_Taxa” master list worksheet.

Step 1: Unprotect Sheet



Password to Unprotect Sheet
is: **1234**

Step 2: Insert Row

Microsoft Excel - lvi_calc03_v4_r1a.xls

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A7 Agalinis fasciculata

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Taxa	Synonyms (Select Taxa in column A)	CDC	FLEPPC	Nativity	Code		To Add Taxons to Calculator: Select ta			
2	Acer rubrum		4.65	-	Native	1		This Sheet is protected ONLY to avoid			
3	Acer saccharinum		6.89	-	Native	1		Add Taxon to Calculator --			
4	Acemella oppositifolia repens	Spilanthes americana	3	-	Native	1					
5	Acrostichum danaeifolium		5.79	-	Native	1					
6	Aeschynomene indica		0.49	-	Exotic	3					
7	Agalinis fasciculata		4.17	-	Native	1					
8			7.04	-	Native	1					
9			7.7	-	Native	1					
10			EE	-	Native	1					
11											
12		Alternanthera tenella									
13											
14											
15											
16											
17											
18											
19											
20											
21		Andropogon perangustatus, Andropogon									
22		gyrans stenophyllus	6.07	-	Native	1					
23		Andropogon liebmanii	7	-	Native	1					
24			3	-	Native	1					
25			7	-	Native	1					
26			2.95	-	Native	1					

Select row, then **right** click on row **number**. In menu select **Insert**.

Step 3: Enter Taxon Information

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Taxa	Synonyms (Select Taxa in column A)	COC	FLEPPC	Nativity	Code
10						
11	<i>Alnus serrulata</i>		55	-	Native	1
12	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>		0	Category 2	Exotic	3

Enter taxon

Enter Any Synonyms

Enter
CofC

FLEPPC
Category
If none,
Enter "-"

Enter
Nativity
Status

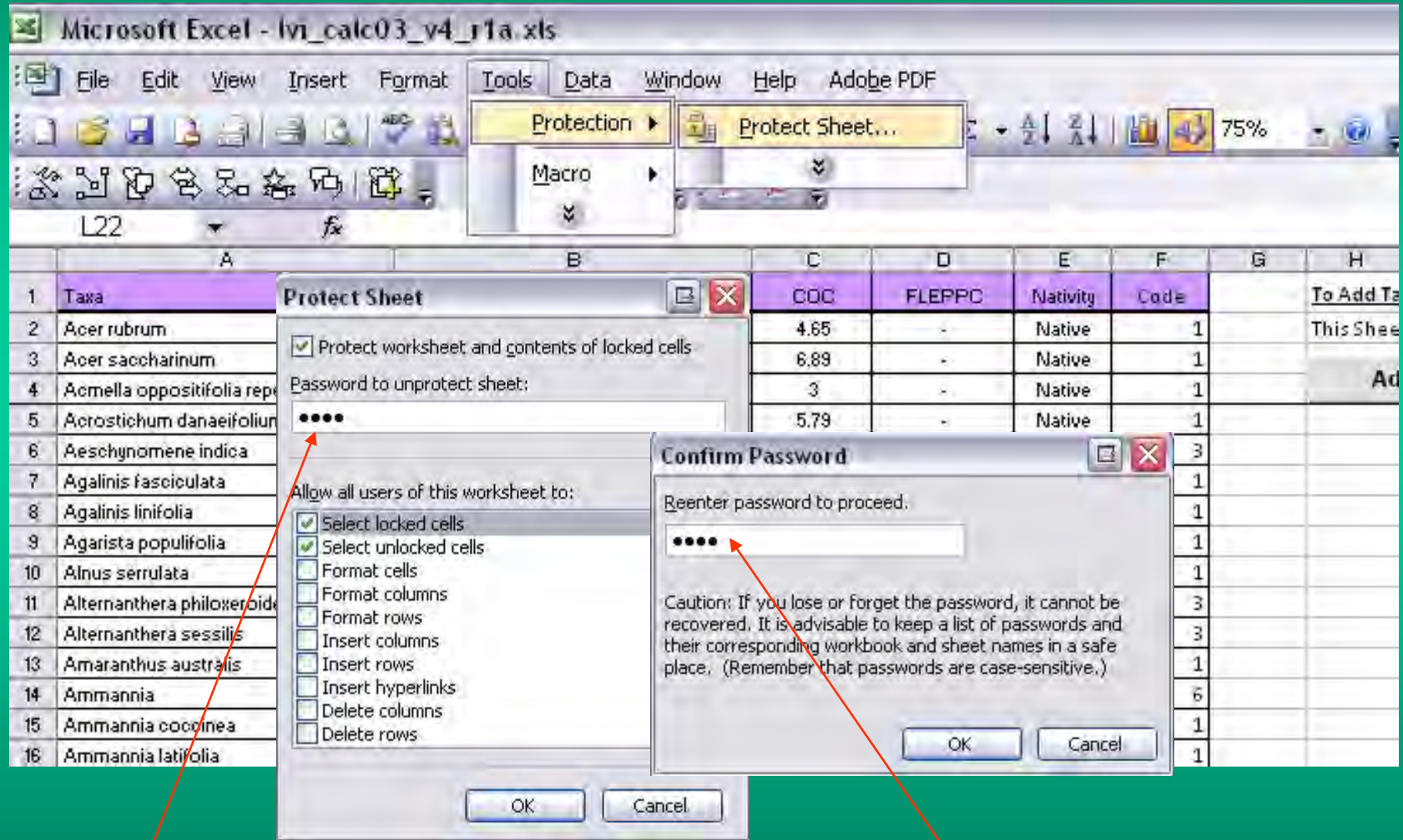
`=IF(E11="Native",IF(C11<>"-",1,6),IF(C11<>"-",IF(RIGHT(D11,1)="1",2,3),IF(RIGHT(D11,1)="1",4,5)))`

Finally, **MOST IMPORTANTLY**: Replicate the Formula Code Equation from a row immediately above, or immediately below the inserted row. You simply do this by selecting the cell above or below it; F11 in this case. Copy it, (Ctrl-C), then select the destination cell, F10 in this case, and paste it, (Ctrl-V). The software will automatically adjust the values in the equation to be appropriate for the new row.

Inspect: Properly Completed Row

9	Agave attenuata		1.04	-	Native	1
10	Agave attenuata		7.7	-	Native	1
11	Agave attenuata		5.5	-	Native	1

Final Step: Protect Sheet



Password to Protect Sheet is: **1234**

Re-enter Password to Confirm: **1234**

Program Development

- Embedded formulae
- Index Calculation
- Metric Calculation
- Disclaimer
- References

(This is all Technical and Legal Stuff)

Most of you can ignore the following slides, as just legal technical mumbo jumbo, and it might really put you to sleep, a very deep sleep.

Embedded Formulae

Embedded formulae – Dominance

dI = Dominant Indicator

=IF(ISTEXT(C10),1,0)

Reflects “1” if entry is a letter

Microsoft Excel - LVI Data_Sheet_v2_Calculator_r5.xls

Type a question for help

Times New Roman 10

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
8								
9	SPECIES	CofC	1	dI	Nat	Inv	Sens	Dom
10	Acer rubrum	4.65		0	0	0	0	0.00
11	Alternanthera philoxera	0.00	1	0	0	1	0	0.00
12	Andropogon glomeratus	3.90	D	1	1	0	0	3.90
13	Azolla caroliniana	1.81		0	0	0	0	0.00
14	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12		0	0	0	0	0.00
15	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31		0	0	0	0	0.00
16	Bacopa monnieri	4.49		0	0	0	0	0.00
17	Bidens laevis	7.19		0	0	0	0	0.00

2 page plant list /

Ready

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Embedded formulae – Native Indicator

Nat = Native Indicator

=IF(NOT(ISBLANK(C12)),1,0)

Reflects “1” if entry is Native

Microsoft Excel - LVI Data_Sheet_v2_Calculator_r5.xls

Type a question for help

Times New Roman 10

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
8								
9	SPECIES	CofC	1	dI	Nat	Inv	Sens	Dom
10	Acer rubrum	4.65		0	0	0	0	0.00
11	Alternanthera philoxero	0.00	1	0	0	1	0	0.00
12	Andropogon glomeratus	3.90	D	1	1	0	0	3.90
13	Azolla caroliniana	1.81		0	0	0	0	0.00
14	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12		0	0	0	0	0.00
15	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31		0	0	0	0	0.00
16	Bacopa monnieri	4.49		0	0	0	0	0.00
17	Bidens laevis	7.19		0	0	0	0	0.00

2 page plant list /

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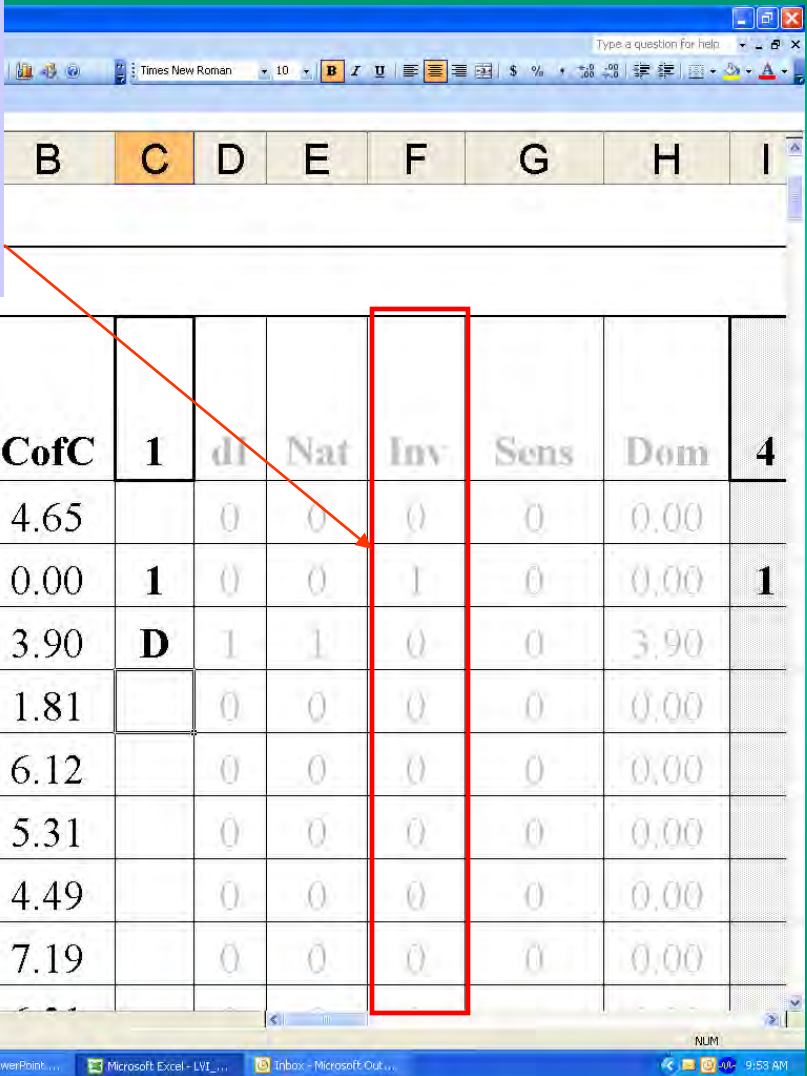
NUM 9:53 AM

Embedded formulae – FLEPPC Invasive 1 Indicator

Inv = Invasive Indicator

=IF(NOT(ISBLANK(C11)),1,0)

Reflects “1” if entry is FLEPPC
Invasive Exotic Category 1



The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a table of plant species. The table has columns for Species, CofC, 1, dl, Nat, Inv, Sens, Dom, and 4. The 'Inv' column is highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from the formula bar to cell C11, which contains the formula =IF(NOT(ISBLANK(C11)),1,0).

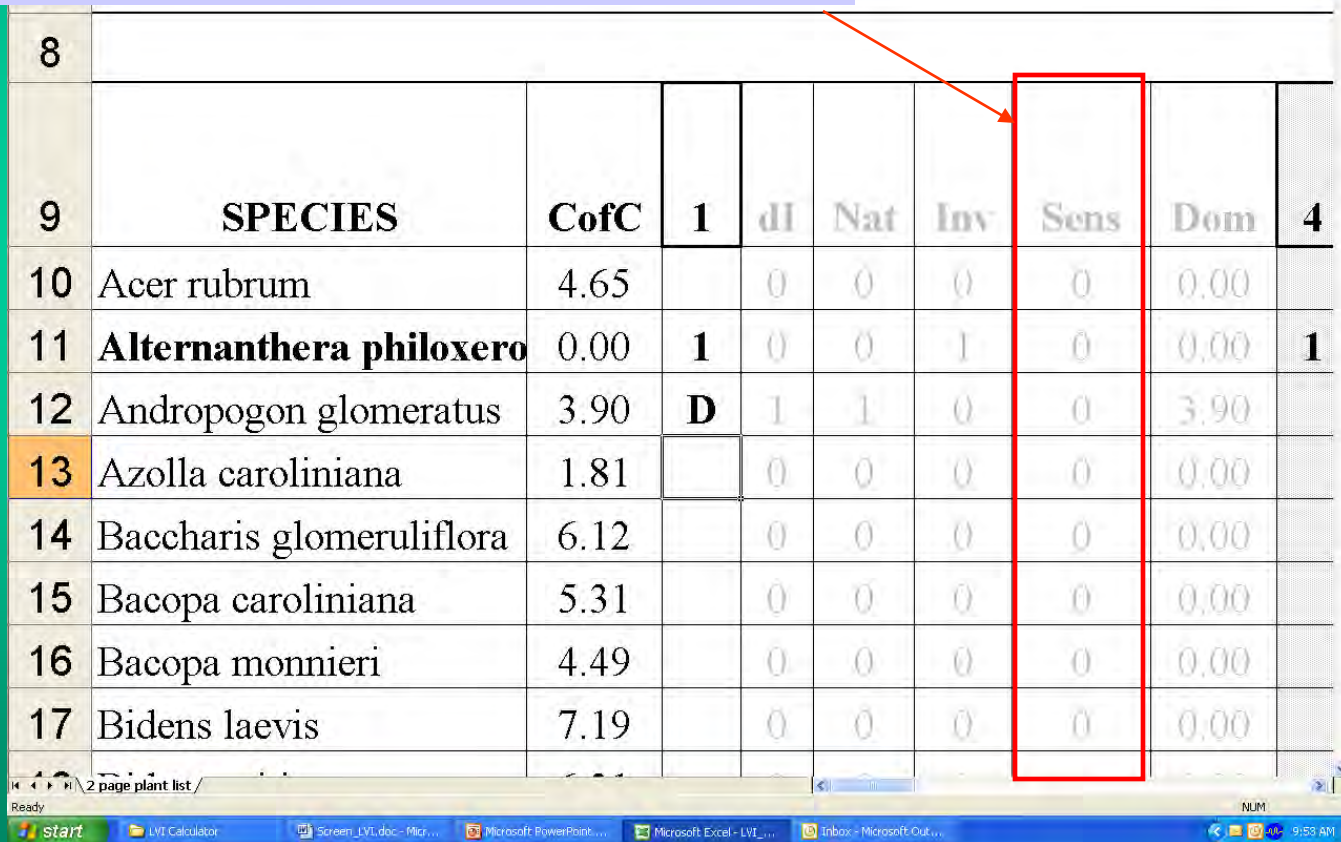
	SPECIES	CofC	1	dl	Nat	Inv	Sens	Dom	4
9									
10	Acer rubrum	4.65		0	0	0	0	0.00	
11	Alternanthera philoxera	0.00	1	0	0	1	0	0.00	1
12	Andropogon glomeratus	3.90	D	1	1	0	0	3.90	
13	Azolla caroliniana	1.81		0	0	0	0	0.00	
14	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12		0	0	0	0	0.00	
15	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31		0	0	0	0	0.00	
16	Bacopa monnieri	4.49		0	0	0	0	0.00	
17	Bidens laevis	7.19		0	0	0	0	0.00	

Embedded formulae – Sensitivity Indicator

Sens = Sensitivity Indicator

=IF(((NOT(ISBLANK(C128))*AND(\$B128>=7))),1,0)

Reflects “1” if entry is Sensitive and present



8									
9	SPECIES	CofC	1	dI	Nat	Inv	Sens	Dom	4
10	Acer rubrum	4.65		0	0	0	0	0.00	
11	Alternanthera philoxera	0.00	1	0	0	1	0	0.00	1
12	Andropogon glomeratus	3.90	D	1	1	0	0	3.90	
13	Azolla caroliniana	1.81		0	0	0	0	0.00	
14	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12		0	0	0	0	0.00	
15	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31		0	0	0	0	0.00	
16	Bacopa monnieri	4.49		0	0	0	0	0.00	
17	Bidens laevis	7.19		0	0	0	0	0.00	

2 page plant list /

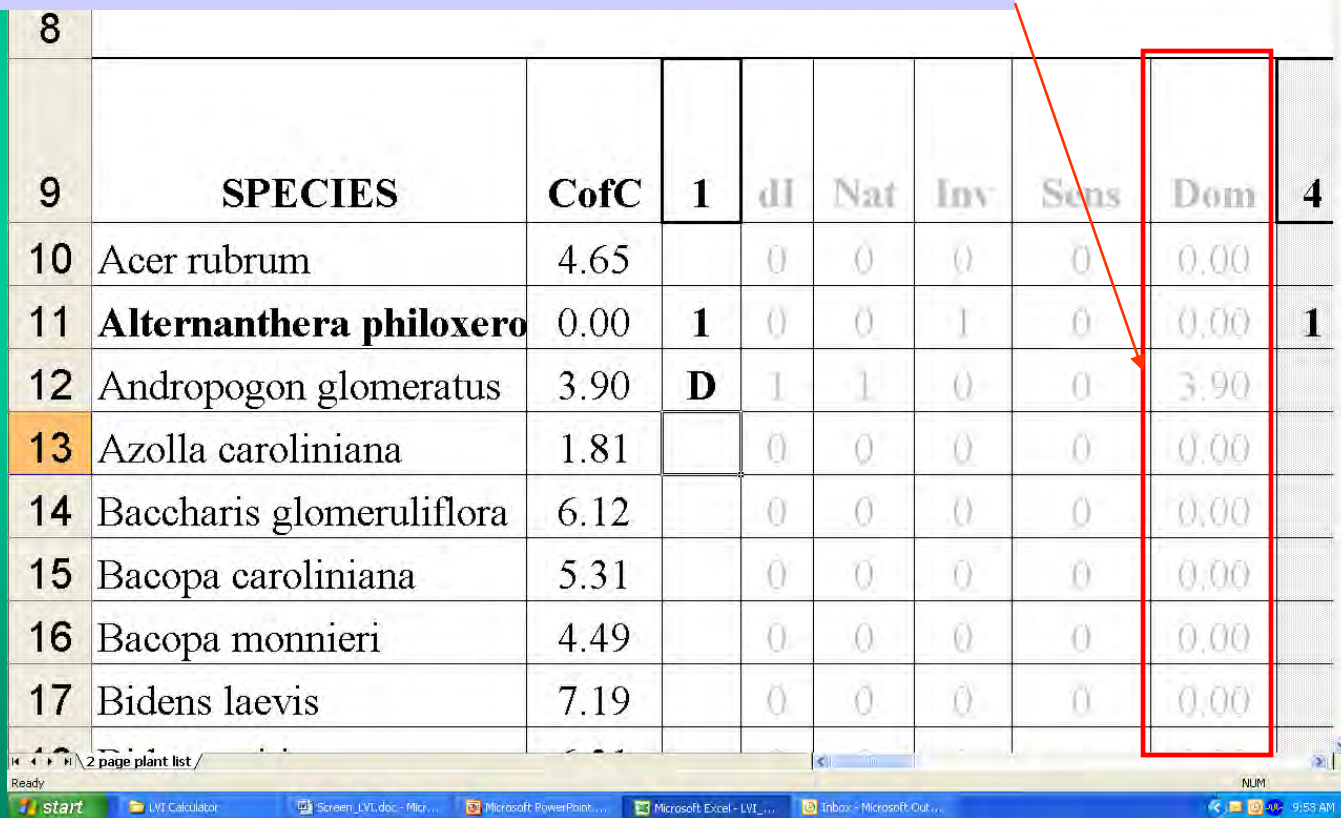
start LVI Calculator Screen_LVI.doc - Mic... Microsoft PowerPoint... Microsoft Excel - LVI... Inbox - Microsoft Out... 9:53 AM

Embedded formulae – Dominance Calculator

Dom = Dominance Calculator

=IF(C129="D", \$B129, IF(C129="C", \$B129/2, 0))

Reflects CofC value if dominant, CofC / 2 if Co-dominant



8									
9	SPECIES	CofC	1	dI	Nat	Inv	Sens	Dom	4
10	Acer rubrum	4.65		0	0	0	0	0.00	
11	Alternanthera philoxera	0.00	1	0	0	1	0	0.00	1
12	Andropogon glomeratus	3.90	D	1	1	0	0	3.90	
13	Azolla caroliniana	1.81		0	0	0	0	0.00	
14	Baccharis glomeruliflora	6.12		0	0	0	0	0.00	
15	Bacopa caroliniana	5.31		0	0	0	0	0.00	
16	Bacopa monnieri	4.49		0	0	0	0	0.00	
17	Bidens laevis	7.19		0	0	0	0	0.00	

Index Calculation

Index Calculation – Nat/Inv/Sens/Dom

[illegible]

Percent Native – FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.1

5.1 Calculate the % native taxa in a single sampling unit (pie slice) by dividing the number of native taxa by the total number of taxa in that sampling unit. Nativity status is determined by the Plant Atlas from the Institute for Systematic Botany and is listed in Appendix LVI 1000-1.

```
=IF($A203="South",IF(F191>=92.56,1,IF(F191<66.67,0,  
(F191-66.67)/25.89)), IF(F191>=100,1,IF(F191<62.5,  
0,(F191-62.5)/37.5)))
```

Percent FLEPPC Invasive Cat 1 – FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.2

5.2 Calculate the % FLEPPC (Florida Exotic Pest Plant Council) Category 1 invasive exotic taxa in a single sampling unit (pie slice) by adding the number of FLEPPC Category I taxa and then dividing by the total number of taxa in that sampling unit. Refer to Appendix LVI 1000-1 to determine which plants are on the FLEPPC Category 1 list.

=IF((G192>30),0,1-(G192/30))

Percent Sensitive – FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.3

5.3 Calculate the % sensitive taxa in a single sampling unit by summing the number of taxa with a C of C (Coefficient of Conservatism) score ≥ 7 and then dividing by the total number of taxa in that sampling unit. Refer to Appendix LVI 1000-1 for a list of C of C scores.

=IF(\$A203="South", IF(H193>20,1,H193/20),IF(H193>27.78,1,H193/27.78))

C of C Dominance – FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.4

5.4 Calculate the Dominant C of C for a single sampling unit by inserting the C of C for the dominant taxon or the average C of C for the 2 co-dominant taxa. If no dominant taxon was identified, this metric will be null, not zero. Refer to Appendix LVI 1000-1 for a list of C of C scores. If the dominant taxon is not included in Appendix LVI 1000-1 or if no C of C is listed in the table, then the metric should be null.

If the C of C is only listed for 1 of 2 co-dominant taxa, then the Dominant C of C metric values shall be the C of C of the co-dominant that has a C of C score.

=IF(\$A203="South",IF(I194>7,1,I194/7),IF(I194>7.91,1,I194/7.91))

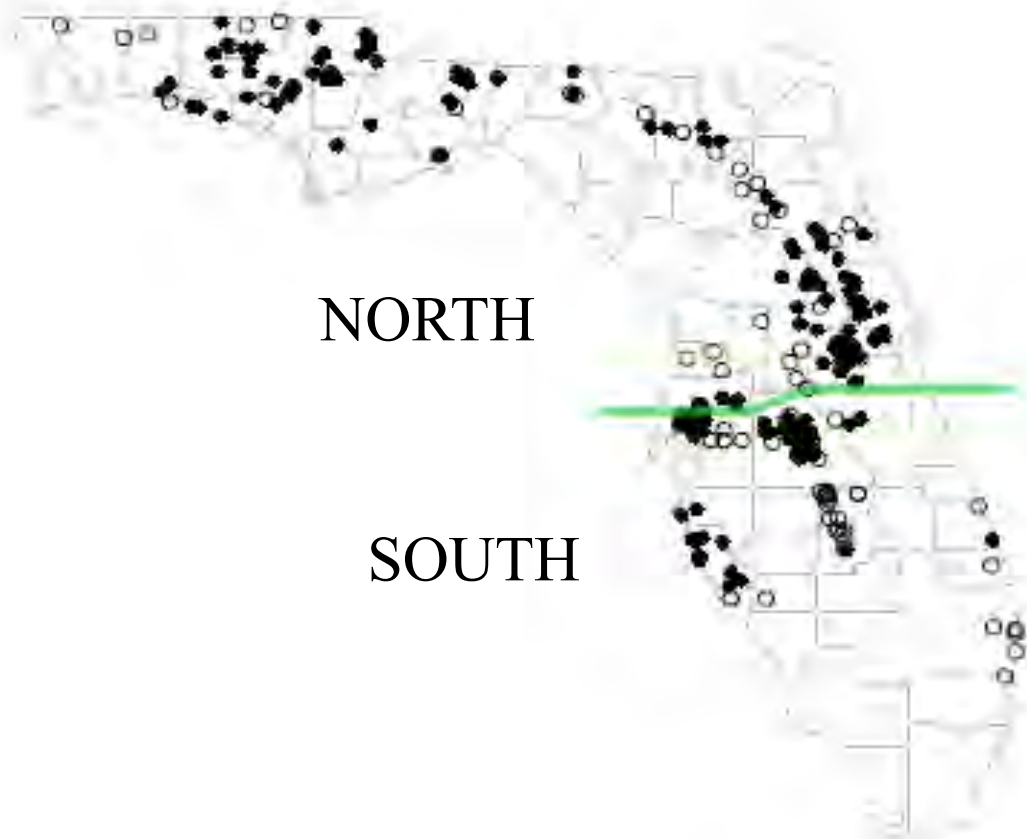
Metric Calculations

Metric Scoring – FDEP SOP LVI 2200 5.5

187				4	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4	
188											
189	LVI Score Summary			1						4	
190	Total # of taxa in sampling unit			4						4	
191	% Native taxa in sampling unit					75.00					
192	% FLEPPC CAT 1 taxa in sampling unit						0.00				
193	% Sensitive taxa in sample unit							0.00			
194	Dominant CoC in sample unit			D =	1.0				0.00	NULL	0.0
195											
196	Native Score $((x-62.5)/37.5)$ or $((x-66.67)/25.89)=$			0.333						0.333	
197	Invasive FLEPPC 1 Score $(1 - (x/30))=$			1.000						1.000	
198	Sensitive Score $(x/(27.78 \text{ or } 20))=$			0.000						0.000	
199	Dominant CoC Score $(x/(7.91 \text{ or } 7))=$			0.000						0.000	
200	Raw Score Total = N+I+S+D =			1.333						1.333	
201	Division Factor = (3 D=0 or 4) =			4						3	
202	Average LVI dividend = Raw /DF			0.333						0.444	
203	North										
204	LVI Score for sampling unit =			33						44	
205											
206	Total LVI SCORE =		50								

5.5. Calculate the metrics according to the following table, where x = the values calculated in 5.1-5.4. If any result is less than zero, replace with zero; if a score is greater than 1, replace with 1. Make sure you use the correct equation for % native, % sensitive taxa, and dominant C of C, depending on the LVI region in which the lake was located. The North LVI region includes Pasco, Sumter, Lake, and Orange Counties, and all points north, and portions of Brevard County north of latitude 28.348°. The South LVI region includes Pinellas, Hillsborough, Polk, and Osceola Counties, and portions of Brevard County south of latitude 28.348°.

	LVI Region	Scoring Rule
% Native Taxa	North	$(x-62.5)/37.5$
	South	$(x-66.67)/25.89$
% FLEPPC 1 Taxa	North and South	$1-(x/30)$
% Sensitive Taxa	North	$x/27.78$
	South	$x/20$
C of C		
Dominant Taxa	North	$x/7.91$
	South	$x/7$



App. Figure 6.1. Lake locations for the original data collected in 2000–2003 (open circles) and the more recent data used here that were collected in 2005–2006 (closed circles). The line dividing northern and southern lakes is shown. (Fore L.S., 2007 pp 97)

Closer Look...



Averaging Results Based on Existence of Dominance

$$(N + I + S + D) \div 3 \text{ or } 4$$

5.6 Average the results for the metrics within an individual sampling unit and multiply by 100. Note that you divide by 3 instead of 4 if the dominant (or co-dominant) C of C was not available. The result of this calculation must be between 0 and 100.

5.7 Average the LVI's determined for all the sampling units (four units are sampled) to calculate the final LVI score for the lake.

Cooperative Agreement

- End User Acknowledges that the LVI calculator is only a convenient field tool used for instant results and is not a replacement for manual calculations or for formal submission to FDEP for official scoring.
- End User Recognizes and agrees that any score that would indicate a change in a status of a lake would require the data sheets be sent to FDEP for verification, and a manual calculation be done to check for accuracy.
- Owner of intellectual property (Orange County) and programmer (Jeff Darr) disclaims any liability for scores generated by calculator; users (Cooperative agencies) acknowledge that it is the user's responsibility to verify accuracy of results.
- This software can only be distributed free of charge, and no portion thereof can be copied or used in any fee based software. Add and Delete Macro code is owned by programmer, developed independently of distributor and can only be distributed freely within this calculator software.
- End user cannot claim loss or damage to property as a result of execution of software.
- End User agrees to always check the FDEP site for changes in Coefficient of Conservatism (C of C) scores. It is the agency's responsibility to check that all scoring rules and C of C values are official for the timeframe in which the LVI was performed.

Literature Cited

- 2007 Fore, L., R. Frydenborg, N. Wellendorf, J. Espy, T. Frick, D. Whiting, J. Jackson, J. Patronis. Assessing the Biological Condition of Florida Lakes: Development of the Lake Vegetation Index (LVI)
- Florida Administrative Code §62-303 (Impaired Waters Rule)
- 2011 FDEP SOP LVI 2200-5, 5.1- 5.7 Lake Vegetation Index Determination – Index Calculation
- 2011 FDEP Field Data Sheet FD 9000-27
- 2011 FDEP Appendix LVI 1000-1 Plant Attributes for LVI Calculation