



Department of Environmental Protection

2600 Blair Stone Road ♦ Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEP Form: 62-762.901(9)

Form Title: Storage Tank Equipment

Registration Form

Effective Date: July 2019

Incorporated in Rule 62-762.851, F.A.C.

Storage Tank System Equipment Registration Form

Fill out completely

General Information

Company Name: Morrison Bros. Co. Contact Name: Donald Montgomery
Company Address: 570 E. 8th Street City, State: Dubuque, IA Zip: 52001
E-mail: dmontgomery@morbro.com Contact Number: 563-880-6446
Product Name: Overfill Prevention Valve, (Methanol)
Model Number(s): 9095AM3200 AV, 9095AM3300 AV Product Type: Overfill Prevention Valve, Pressure fill
Rule(s) citation that registration is being requested within Chapter 62-761 (UST), and/or 62-762 (AST), F.A.C.: 62-762

Write a brief description of equipment registration request including product limitations:

The 9095AM series overfill prevention valve is designed to prevent the overfilling of storage tanks by providing a positive shut-off during a pressurized fill (typically an aboveground tank). The valve is installed in the top of a storage tank and can be set to the desired shut-off level by using standard length pipe nipples and adjusting the float.

Information Checklist (Choose Yes, No, or N/A - Not Applicable):

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Third-party Certification by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory? (Required)	☒	☐	☐
2. Documentation of third-party evaluation that the equipment meets DEP Rules?	☒	☐	☐
3. Documents included about the qualifications of the Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory?	☒	☐	☐
4. Technical information and drawings included?	☒	☐	☐
5. Installation instructions included?	☒	☐	☐
6. Annual Operability Testing Requirements (Rules 62-761.500, 62-762.501, & 62-762.502 F.A.C.)?	☒	☐	☐
7. Integrity Testing Requirements (Rules 62-761.700, 62-762.701, & 62-762.702, F.A.C.)?	☒	☐	☐
8. Compatible with fuel blends containing >10% ethanol or >20% biodiesel?	☒	☐	☐
9. Has the product been approved or registered in other countries or states? (If so provide list)	☐	☐	☒
10. Any requirements for company-certified installers or trainers?	☐	☒	☐
11. Was this product(s) previously approved or registered by the Department? If yes, EQ- <u>895</u>	☒	☐	☐
12. Any changes or modifications to the equipment since the last submittal to DEP?	☐	☒	☐

Document Information: Provide supporting documents indicated as "Yes" above including this form via email to Tanknotify@floridadep.gov, or documents can be sent to FDEP, Division of Waste Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 4560, Tallahassee, FL 32399.

Write a brief description of equipment installation and performance in the U.S.:

The Installation and Operation of the 9095AM is covered under the 9095A family. Installation videos can be accessed via the Morrison Website. A minimum of 5 psi and 5 gpm are required to properly activate the pressure fill valve. The valve must be filled utilizing a tight fill connection. The minimum shut-off height is 2 inches from the tank top. The 2 inch valve requires a 4 inch tank opening and the 3 inch valve requires a 6 inch opening.

Equipment Registration Certification:

To the best of my knowledge and belief, all information submitted on this form is true, accurate and complete.

Donald Montgomery, Sales Manager, Morrison Bros. Co.

Printed Name and Title

Donald Montgomery

Signature (right click to sign)

Digitally signed by Donald Montgomery
Date: 2023.09.05 10:57:43 -05'00'

09/05/2023

Date

For Department Use Only:

Date Application Received: 09/06/2023 Application complete: Yes: ☒ No: ☐

EQ- 895 Date of complete or incomplete letter sent: 10/16/2023 Date Equipment Requires Renewal: 10/16/2028

Storage tank system equipment requires renewal every 5 years in accordance with subsection 62-762.851(2), F.A.C.



Department of Environmental Protection

2600 Blair Stone Road ♦ Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEP Form: 62-762.901(9)

Form Title: Storage Tank Equipment

Registration Form

Effective Date: January 2017

Incorporated in Rule 62-762.851, F.A.C.

Storage Tank Equipment Registration Form

Fill out completely

General Information

Company Name: Morrison Bros. Co. Contact Name: Jerry Schollmeyer
Company Address: 570 East 7th Street City: Dubuque Zip: IA
E-mail: jschollmeyer@morbro.com Contact Number: 563.587.2119
Product Name: Overfill Prevention Valve, (Methanol)
Model Number(s): 9095AM3200 AV, 9095AM3300 AV Product Type: Overfill Prevention Valve, pressure fill
Rule(s) citation within Chapter 62-761, or 62-762, F.A.C. that registration is being requested: 62-762

Write a brief description of equipment registration request including product limitations:

The 9095AM series overfill prevention valve is designed to prevent the overfilling of storage tanks by providing a positive shut-off during a pressurized fill (typically and aboveground tank). The valve is installed in the top of a storage tank and can be set to the desired shut-off level by using standard length pipe nipples and adjusting the float.

Information Checklist

	Yes	No	N/A
1. Third-party Certification by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory?	☒	☐	☐
2. Documentation of third-party evaluation that the equipment meets DEP Rules?	☒	☐	☐
3. Documents included about the qualifications of the Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory?	☒	☐	☐
4. Installation instructions included?	☒	☐	☐
5. Technical information and drawings included?	☒	☐	☐
6. Annual Operability Testing Requirements (Rules 62-761.700, 62-762.701, & 62-762.702 F.A.C.)?	☒	☐	☐
7. Compatible with fuel blends containing >10% ethanol or >20% biodiesel?	☒	☐	☐
8. Has the product been approved or registered in other countries or states? (If so provide list)	☐	☐	☒
9. Any requirements for company-certified installers or trainers?	☐	☒	☐
10. Was this product(s) previously approved or registered by the Department?	☐	☒	☐
If yes, please specify the Equipment Number: <u>EQ-</u>			
11. Any changes or modifications to the equipment since the last submittal to DEP?	☐	☒	☐

Document Information: Provide supporting documents indicated as "Yes" above including this form via email to Tanknotify@dep.state.fl.us, or documents can be sent to FDEP, Division of Waste Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 4560, Tallahassee, FL 32399.

Write a brief description of equipment installation and performance in the U.S.:

The Installation and Operation of the 9095AM is covered under the 9095A family. Installation videos can be accessed via the Morrison Website. A minimum of 5 psi and 5 gpm are required to properly activate the pressure fill valve. The valve must be filled utilizing a tight fill connection. The minimum shut-off height is 2 inches from the tank top. The 2 inch valve requires a 4 inch tank opening and the 3 inch valve requires a 6 inch opening.

Equipment Registration Certification:

To the best of my knowledge and belief, all information submitted on this form is true, accurate and complete.

Jerry Schollmeyer, Sales Manager, Morrison Bros. Co.

Printed Name and Title

Jerry Schollmeyer

Signature

Digitally signed by Jerry Schollmeyer
Date: 2018.05.09 06:48:14 -05'00'

5.9.2018

Date

For Department Use Only:

Date Application Received: 5/8/2018-Renew by 5/9/2023

Application complete:

Yes: ☒ No: ☐

EQ- 895

Date of complete or incomplete letter sent: 5/9/2018

Date of entry to the DEP Equipment Registration List: 5/9/2018



Model 9095AM Overfill Prevention Valve (Methanol)

SPECIFICATION SHEET

Application

The 9095AM series overfill prevention valve is designed to prevent overfilling storage tanks by providing a positive shut-off during a pressurized fill.

Features

- Installs directly onto a 4" or a 6" riser or top mounted spill container
- Minimum shut-off height is 2" from the tank top
- 2.35" of float height adjustment
- Full flow to shut-off point, cushioned closure eliminates shock
- Integral pressure relief
- Integral anti-siphon function
- Optional test mechanism

Materials of Construction

- Remote adaptor...ductile iron, powder coated
- Shaft, linkage and hardware...stainless steel
- Lower pipe nipple...e-coated steel
- Drop tube coupler...stainless steel
- Body...nickel plated aluminum

Operational Criteria

- Minimum 5 PSI flow requirements
- Maximum operating pressure is 100 PSI
- Maximum viscosity of 300 centistokes
- A tight fill connection is required for the valve to operate
- Use methanol-compatible threaded pipe (**not** supplied: drop tube nor upper pipe)
- The estimated flow rate for the 2" model is 230 GPM at 10 PSI pressure drop.
The estimated flow rate for the 3" model is 560 GPM at 10 PSI pressure drop (see flow curves)

Code Compliance

ULC-S661-10 listed, NFPA 30, 30A, UFC, IFC, PEI /RP200, and PEI/RP 600

Item Number	Size	Description	Tank Opening	Weight (lbs)
9095AM3200 AV	2"	Pressure fill OPV with remote fill top	4"	14.10
9095AM3300 AV	3"	Pressure fill OPV with remote fill top	6"	30.0



9095AM3200
(2")

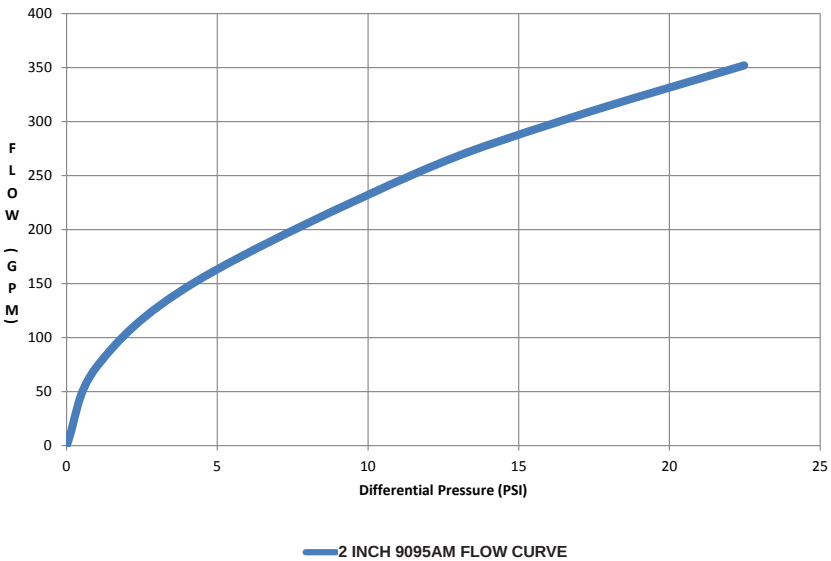
Flow curves on next page...



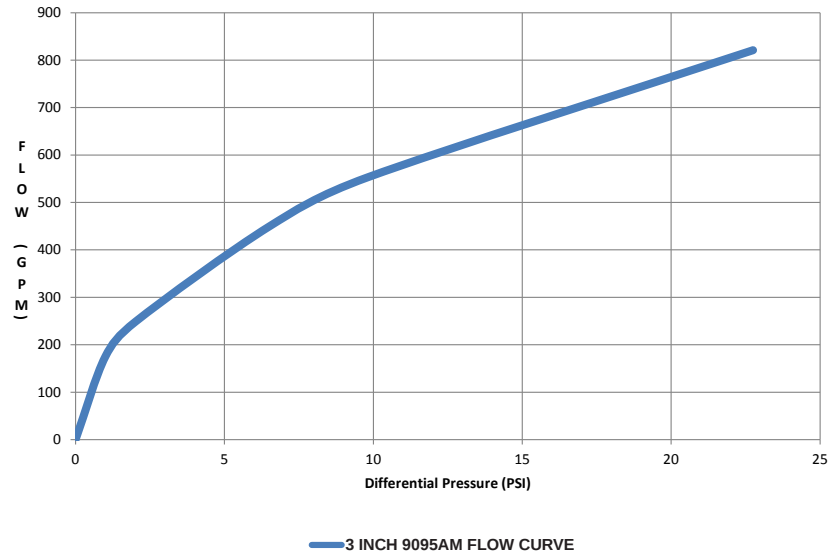
MORRISON BROS. CO.



2 INCH 9095AM FLOW CURVE (CV=74)



3 INCH 9095AM FLOW CURVE (CV=176)



9095AA EVR 2" Overfill Prevention Valve

Installation & Maintenance Instructions

The 9095AA Overfill Prevention Valve is installed at the fill port of a storage tank. Used in a pressurized tight fill application, the valve helps prevent tank overfills by closing when the liquid level reaches a pre-set warning level (90-95% full). The valve is installed through a 4" threaded opening and has a built-in bleed hole that allows the fill hose pressure to be relieved after the valve closes. When installed to manufacturer requirements, the Morrison Fig. 9095AA Overfill Prevention Valve can eliminate hazardous liquid spills.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Installation



Warnings

- **Fire Hazard** – Death or serious injury could result from spilled liquids.
- Any modification to this valve other than stated in these installation instructions will void the product warranty.
- This device is intended to be used only as a secondary shutoff and should not be the only system in place to prevent a tank from overfilling. It is the sole responsibility of the operator to continuously prevent any spillage regardless of the situation or status of the valve.
- The valve must be used with clean product. Contamination suspended in the liquid may cause the valve to function improperly. Line strainers or filters should be used in the fill piping or delivery vehicle to insure clean product.
- Minimum requirements for valve operation: 5 GPM inlet flow at 5 PSI inlet pressure.
- Maximum pressure is 100 PSI.
- Maximum allowable viscosity is 300 centistokes.
- A tight fill is required for the valve to operate. Do not substitute any other fill adaptors for the special adaptor supplied.
- Once closed the valve will allow flow of less than 2% of max flow to relieve fill line pressure.
- All by-pass and or limit valves of the delivery system must be functional and properly set prior to filling.
- Install in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws.
- For your safety, it is important to follow local, state, federal and/or OSHA rules that apply to working inside, above, or around the storage tank and piping area. Use all personal protective equipment required for working in the specific environment.
- Tanks could be under pressure. Vapors could be expelled from tank vents, piping, valves or fittings while performing installation. Vapors could catch fire or cause an explosion. Avoid sparks, open flame, or hot tools when working on valves.
- Fill points should be labeled to identify product being transferred according to all applicable codes.



Avertissements

- **Risque d'incendie** – Un déversement de liquide pourrait entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort.
- Toutes les modifications apportées à cette soupape autres que celles indiquées dans ces directives d'installation engendreront l'annulation de la garantie du produit.
- Cet appareil est destiné à être utilisé comme mécanisme d'arrêt secondaire et ne devrait pas être le seul système en place pour empêcher un réservoir de trop se remplir. L'opérateur a l'entière responsabilité de suivre les activités continuellement afin de prévenir tout déversement sans égard à la situation ou au statut de la soupape.
- La soupape doit être utilisée avec des produits propres. La contamination découlant de produits tels de l'huile de rebut pourrait empêcher la soupape de fonctionner convenablement. Des tamis de circuit ou des filtres devraient être utilisés sur les canalisations de remplissage ou le véhicule de livraison afin d'assurer la propreté des produits.
- Exigences minimales pour le fonctionnement des soupapes : Débit d'entrée de 5 gpm et pression d'entrée de 5 psi.
- La pression permise maximale est de 100 psi.
- La viscosité permise maximale est de 150 centistokes.
- La soupape ne peut fonctionner que si le remplissage s'effectue avec un raccord hermétique. Évitez de remplacer l'adaptateur spécial fourni à cet effet par un autre adaptateur ou raccord de remplissage.
- Une fois fermée, la soupape permettra une circulation de moins de 2 % de la circulation maximale afin d'atténuer la pression de la canalisation de remplissage.
- Toutes les soupapes de dérivation ou de restriction du système de distribution doivent être fonctionnelles et configurées adéquatement avant le remplissage.
- Cette soupape ne fonctionne pas avec un tube d'alimentation descendant. Les carburants exigeant d'avoir recours à un tube d'alimentation descendant ne devraient pas être utilisés avec cette soupape.
- Lors de l'installation, conformez-vous à toutes les lois locales, d'État et fédérales applicables.
- Pour assurer votre sécurité, il est important de vous conformer à la réglementation locale, d'État, fédérale ou OSHA régissant les travaux à l'intérieur, au-dessus ou autour du réservoir de stockage et de la zone de canalisation. Utilisez tout l'équipement de protection individuelle exigé pour travailler dans l'environnement spécifique.
- Les réservoirs pourraient être sous pression. Des vapeurs pourraient être expulsées des conduits d'aération du réservoir, des canalisations, des soupapes ou des raccords durant l'installation. Les vapeurs pourraient s'enflammer ou engendrer une explosion. Évitez les étincelles, les flammes nues ou les outils chauds lors de travaux menés dans les conduits d'aération.
- Les points de remplissage devraient être étiquetés selon tous les codes applicables afin d'identifier les produits transférés.

Steps

1. Remove the valve from the box and remove all packaging material. Check the valve for any shipping damage. Remove the adaptor and nipple from the valve. Check for freedom of plunger movement by securing float, turning unit upside down, and looking through the body opening at the plunger. The plunger should slide freely to contact the seal surface of the body and drop back down into the dashpot when turned to the upright position. Set the valve upright and move the float up and down to insure there is no binding.
2. Determine the SHUT-OFF DISTANCE at 90 or 95% full. (See Fig. 1 & Mfg. tank ullage chart). Record this distance as you will need it later when installing the valve.
3. Refer to Fig. 2 or Fig 4, depending on your float type. Select the measurement for the fuel you will be storing. Using a ruler, measure up from the bottom of the float and mark a line on your float at that measurement. Use a wax pen or chalk to mark the line.

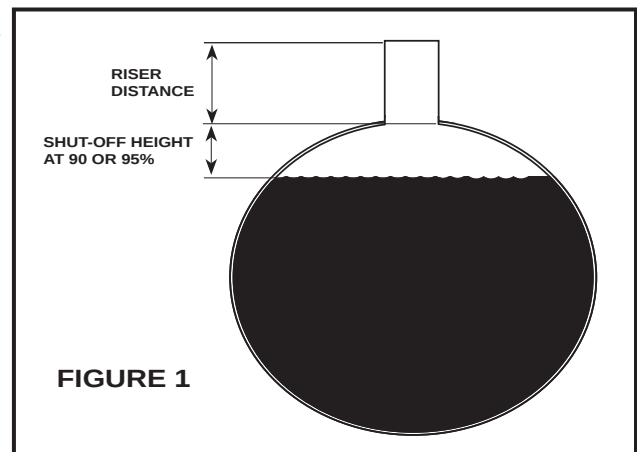


FIGURE 1

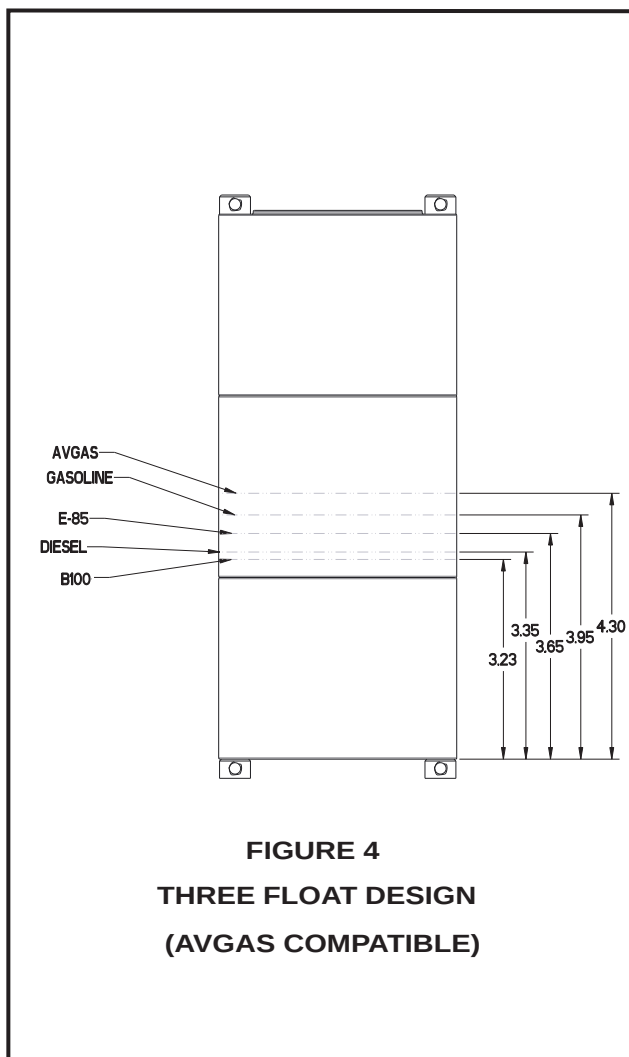
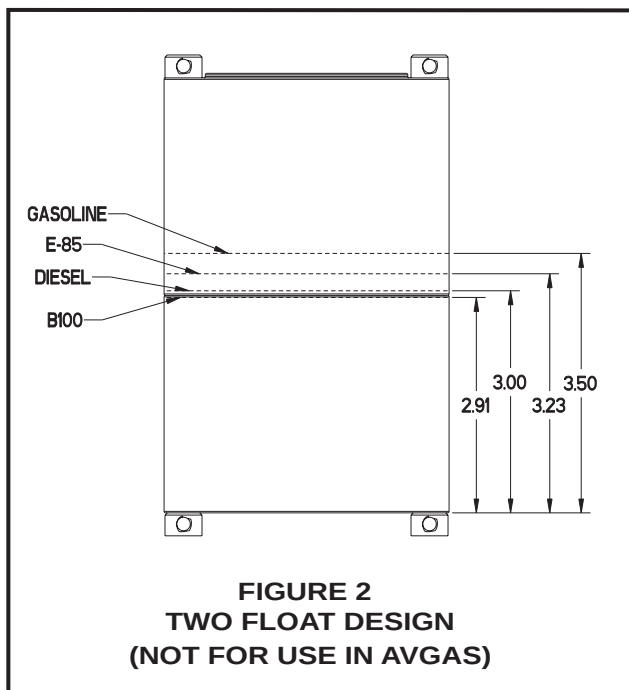
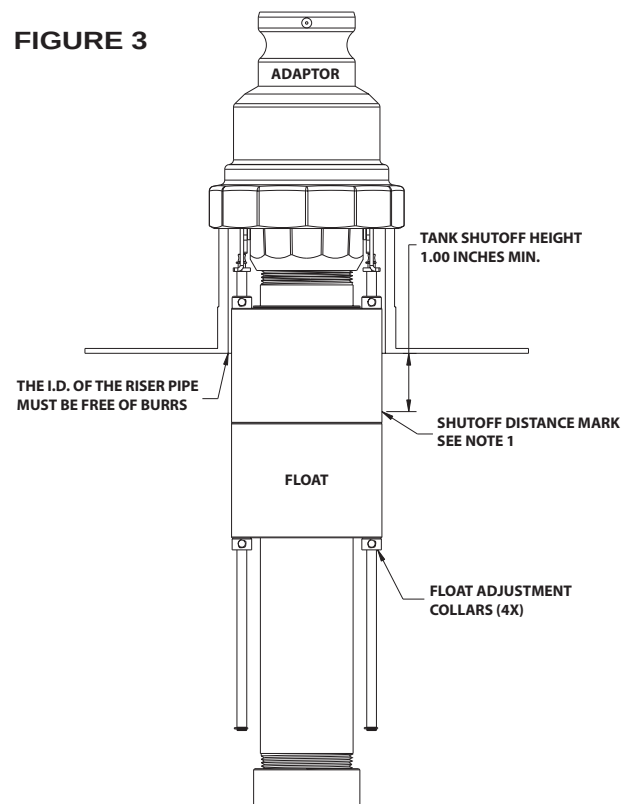


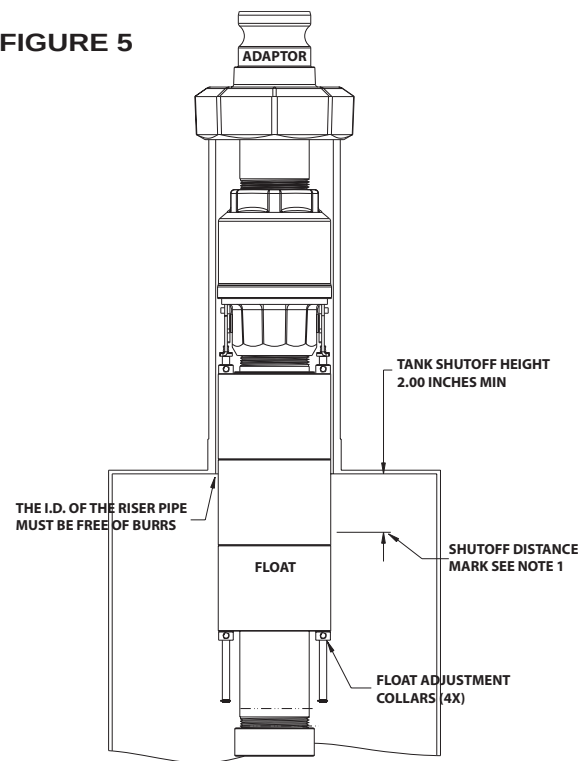
FIGURE 3



NOTES:

- 1) SHUTOFF MARK AS MEASURED WITH FLOAT IN THE UP POSITION
- 2) A MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF 1" IS REQUIRED BELOW THE OUTLET

FIGURE 5



NOTES:

- 1) SHUTOFF MARK AS MEASURED WITH FLOAT IN THE UP POSITION
- 2) A MINIMUM CLEARANCE OF 2" IS REQUIRED BELOW THE OUTLET

Note: If you are storing a liquid, other than those noted in Fig. 2 (2 float) or Fig. 4 (3 float), and the specific gravity of your liquid is not the same as one of the liquids shown, you can use the calculation, shown at the end of this document, to determine the measurement to mark your float.

Note: The 2 float design is not intended for use with AVGAS.

4. Measure from the top of the tank up to the point where the valve is to be attached. This is your Riser Distance shown in Fig. 1. Record this length. **Note:** this distance needs to include all pipe fittings, spill containers, etc. all the way up to the point where the valve is to be attached.
5. Move your float into the up position. Now the line that you marked on the float (Step 2) is at the point where the valve will shut off during the filling process. Measure from the line on the float all the way up to the point where the valve will thread onto the piping. We will call this Length X (See Fig. 3 (2 float) or Fig. 5 (3 float)). Record this length.
6. Now you can make piping adjustments to insure that the line on the float will be in the tank at your desired shut off point when the unit is installed into the tank. To make these adjustments you can change the Riser Distance shown in Fig. 1. Lastly, you can make minor adjustments by moving the floats up or down. To do this loosen the allen screws on the float adjustment collars, shown in Fig. 3 (2 float) or Fig. 5 (3 float), move the floats up or down, and then tighten the allen screws.

Important: After making your adjustments in Step 6, the Riser Distance (Step 4) **plus** your Shut-off Distance (Step 2) should be **equal to** Length X (Step 5).

Important: If adjustments are made to the float adjustment collars, you must set the valve in the upright position and move the float up and down to insure there is no binding.

7. Use care with floats and linkage during installation. Apply a non-hardening gasoline resistant sealant sparingly to all male threads. Attach the drop tube to the bottom of the valve. Assemble piping and install valve in the tank to distance determined in the steps above.

Caution: Excessive use of thread sealant may cause the valve to function improperly, application of thread sealant should be to male threaded members of the system only (to reduce the possibility of sealant being forced inside the system).

Important: Attach warning tag at fill point, with supplied cable tie, in location visible to operator filling the tank.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Filling Procedure

1. Make sure the fill nozzle is equipped with the appropriate mating coupler to form a secure connection with the tight fill adaptor.
2. Attach the nozzle to the tight fill adaptor making sure the connection is secure.
3. Switch on the pumping system.
4. Gradually open the fill nozzle and begin product transfer.
5. Continuously monitor tank filling process.
6. If the liquid level reaches the preset level of the 9095AA valve, and the valve shuts off, the operator may see a slight movement of the fill hose and/or hear the pump by-pass activate.
7. If the 9095AA shuts off during the tank fill, perform the overfill disconnect procedure.

Overfill Disconnect Procedure

1. If 9095AA shut-off has occurred, close the fill nozzle immediately.
2. Turn off the pumping system.
3. Slowly release one arm of the quick coupler. This will introduce air into the fill line and allow product between nozzle and valve to drain. Wait a minimum of (1) minute for product to drain.
4. Completely uncouple and remove the nozzle after the line has drained. Attempting to disconnect the coupler from the tight fill adaptor with pressure in the hose will result in a product spill.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Maintenance

This valve should be maintained according to local codes or to API Recommended Practice 2350.



Warnings

- **Fire Hazard** – Death or serious injury could result from spilled liquids.
- You must be trained to maintain this valve. Stop now if you have not been trained.
- For your safety, it is important to follow local, state, federal and/or OSHA rules that apply to working inside, above, or around the storage tank and piping area. Use all personal protective equipment required for working in the specific environment.
- Tanks could be under pressure. Vapors could be expelled from tank vents, piping, valves or fittings while performing maintenance. Vapors could catch fire or cause an explosion. Avoid sparks, open flame, or hot tools when working on valves



Avertissements

- **Risque d'incendie** – Un déversement de liquide pourrait entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort.
- Vous devez avoir reçu une formation pour assurer la maintenance de cette soupape. Arrêtez-vous immédiatement si vous n'avez reçu aucune formation à cet effet.
- Pour assurer votre sécurité, il est important de vous conformer à la réglementation locale, d'État, fédérale ou OSHA régissant les travaux à l'intérieur, au-dessus ou autour du réservoir de stockage et de la zone de canalisation. Utilisez tout l'équipement de protection individuelle exigé pour travailler dans l'environnement spécifique.
- Les réservoirs pourraient être sous pression. Des vapeurs pourraient être expulsées des conduits d'aération du réservoir, des canalisations, des soupapes ou des raccords durant la maintenance. Les vapeurs pourraient s'enflammer ou engendrer une explosion. Évitez les étincelles, les flammes nues ou les outils chauds lors de travaux menés dans les soupapes.

If valve is fitted with the optional test mechanism you can simulate a high product level by pulling the test mechanism lever during a fill. If the valve does not prevent product transfer when the test mechanism is pulled, or the valve is not fitted with a test mechanism, please do the following:

1. Remove valve from the tank.
2. Inspect the float and float linkages for any damage and make sure the float can move up and down freely. If the float or the float linkages have been damaged, or the float cannot move up and down freely, the valve must be sent back to the factory for evaluation.
3. Look down into the top of the valve to inspect for any debris or foreign objects that may have entered the valve. If you can see any debris or foreign objects, the valve must be returned to the factory for evaluation.
4. Check for freedom of plunger movement by securing float, turning unit upside down, and looking through the body opening at the plunger. The plunger should slide freely to contact the seal surface of the body and drop back down into the dash pot when turned to the upright position. You may also hear a clunking/clicking sound when turning valve upside down and right side up. If you cannot see the plunger move freely or if this clunking/click sound is not present, it may indicate that the valve plunger is stuck and the valve must be returned to the factory for evaluation.
5. Inspect the vent warning tag located near the tank fill point. If the tag is damaged or difficult to read, contact Morrison Bros. Co. at (800) 553-4840 for a free replacement tag.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Calculation for shut-off point for liquids with specific gravities different than those shown in Fig. 2.

$$2 \text{ float shut-off point distance} = ((1 - \text{Specific Gravity}) \times 2.67) + 2.6$$

$$3 \text{ float shut-off point distance} = ((1 - \text{Specific Gravity}) \times 4.69) + 2.82$$

Measure this distance up from the bottom of the float and mark as indicated in steps 3 & 4 of the installation steps and then follow the rest of the installation Steps.

9095AA 3" Overfill Prevention Valve With 6" Tank Adaptor

Installation & Maintenance Instructions

The 9095AA Overfill Prevention Valve is installed at the fill port of a storage tank. Used in a pressurized tight fill application, the valve helps prevent tank overfills by closing when the liquid level reaches a pre-set warning level (90-95% full). The valve is installed on a standard 6" NPT male connection and has a built-in bleed hole that allows the fill hose pressure to be relieved after the valve closes. This bleed hole also provides anti-siphon protection for the valve. When installed to manufacturer requirements, the Morrison Fig. 9095AA Overfill Prevention Valve can eliminate hazardous liquid spills.

This valve complies with the following codes: NFPA 30, 30A, UFC, IFC, and PEI RP2000.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings may render the valve nonfunctional and could result in a hazardous product spill, which may result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Installation & Operation



Warnings

- **Fire Hazard**—Death or serious injury could result from spilled liquids.
- Any modification to this valve other than stated in these installation instructions will void the product warranty.
- This device is intended to be used only as a secondary shutoff and should not be the only system in place to prevent a tank from overfilling. It is the sole responsibility of the operator to continuously monitor operations to prevent any spillage regardless of the situation or status of the valve.
- The valve must be used with clean product. Contamination from products such as used oil may cause the valve to function improperly. Line strainers or filters should be used in the fill piping or delivery vehicle to insure clean product.
- Minimum requirements for valve operation: 5 GPM inlet flow at 5 PSI inlet pressure.
- Maximum pressure is 100 PSI.
- Maximum allowable viscosity is 60 centistokes.
- A tight fill is required for the valve to operate. Do not substitute any other fill adaptors for the special adaptor supplied.
- Once closed the valve will allow flow of less than 2% of max flow to relieve fill line pressure.
- All by-pass and or limit valves of the delivery system must be functional and properly set prior to filling.
- Install in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws.
- For your safety, it is important to follow local, state, federal and/or OSHA rules that apply to working inside, above, or around the storage tank and piping area. Use all personal protective equipment required for working in the specific environment.
- Tanks could be under pressure. Vapors could be expelled from tank vents, piping, valves or fittings while performing installation. Vapors could catch fire or cause an explosion. Avoid sparks, open flame, or hot tools when working on valves.
- Fill points should be labeled to identify product being transferred, according to all applicable codes.



Avertissements

- **Risque d'incendie** – Un déversement de liquide pourrait entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort.
- Toutes les modifications apportées à cette soupape autres que celles indiquées dans ces directives d'installation engendreront l'annulation de la garantie du produit.
- Cet appareil est destiné à être utilisé comme mécanisme d'arrêt secondaire et ne devrait pas être le seul système en place pour empêcher un réservoir de trop se remplir. L'opérateur a l'entière responsabilité de suivre les activités continuellement afin de prévenir tout déversement sans égard à la situation ou au statut de la soupape.
- La soupape doit être utilisée avec des produits propres. La contamination découlant de produits tels de l'huile de rebut pourrait empêcher la soupape de fonctionner convenablement. Des tamis de circuit ou des filtres devraient être utilisés sur les canalisations de remplissage ou le véhicule de livraison afin d'assurer la propreté des produits.
- Exigences minimales pour le fonctionnement des soupapes : Débit d'entrée de 5 gpm et pression d'entrée de 5 psi.
- La pression permise maximale est de 100 psi.
- La viscosité permise maximale est de 150 centistokes.
- La soupape ne peut fonctionner que si le remplissage s'effectue avec un raccord hermétique. Évitez de remplacer l'adaptateur spécial fourni à cet effet par un autre adaptateur ou raccord de remplissage.
- Une fois fermée, la soupape permettra une circulation de moins de 2 % de la circulation maximale afin d'atténuer la pression de la canalisation de remplissage.
- Toutes les soupapes de dérivation ou de restriction du système de distribution doivent être fonctionnelles et configurées adéquatement avant le remplissage.
- Cette soupape ne fonctionne pas avec un tube d'alimentation descendant. Les carburants exigeant d'avoir recours à un tube d'alimentation descendant ne devraient pas être utilisés avec cette soupape.
- Lors de l'installation, conformez-vous à toutes les lois locales, d'État et fédérales applicables.
- Pour assurer votre sécurité, il est important de vous conformer à la réglementation locale, d'État, fédérale ou OSHA régissant les travaux à l'intérieur, au-dessus ou autour du réservoir de stockage et de la zone de canalisation. Utilisez tout l'équipement de protection individuelle exigé pour travailler dans l'environnement spécifique.
- Les réservoirs pourraient être sous pression. Des vapeurs pourraient être expulsées des conduits d'aération du réservoir, des canalisations, des soupapes ou des raccords durant l'installation. Les vapeurs pourraient s'enflammer ou engendrer une explosion. Évitez les étincelles, les flammes nues ou les outils chauds lors de travaux menés dans les conduits d'aération.
- Les points de remplissage devraient être étiquetés selon tous les codes applicables afin d'identifier les produits transférés.

Steps

1. Remove the valve from the box and remove all packaging material. Check the valve for any shipping damage. Remove the adaptor and nipple from the valve. Check for freedom of plunger movement by securing float, turning unit upside down, and looking through the body opening at the plunger. The plunger should slide freely to contact the seal surface of the body and drop back down into the dashpot when turned to the upright position. Set the valve upright and move the float up and down to insure there is no binding.
2. Determine the SHUT-OFF DISTANCE at 90 or 95% full. (See Fig. 1 below & Mfg. tank ullage chart). Record this distance as you will need it later when installing the valve.
3. Refer to Fig. 2. Select the measurement for the fuel you will be storing. Using a ruler, measure up from the bottom of the float and mark a line on your float at that measurement. Use a wax pen or chalk to mark the line.

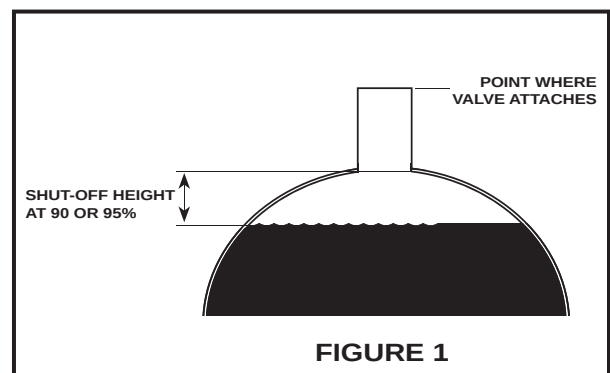
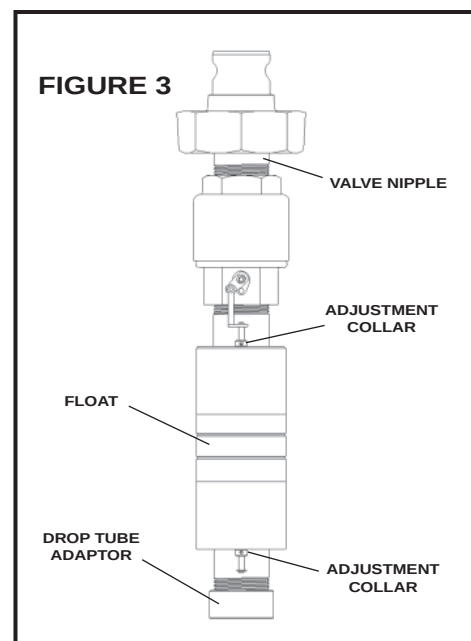
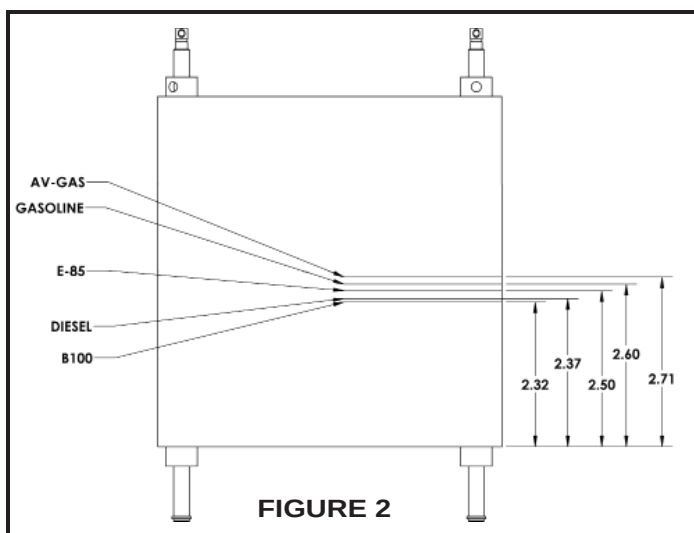


FIGURE 1



Note: If you are storing a liquid, other than those noted in Fig. 2, and the specific gravity of your liquid is not the same as one of the liquids shown, you can use the calculation, shown at the end of this document, to determine the measurement to mark your float.

4. Measure from the top of the tank up to the point where the valve is to be attached. This is your Riser Distance shown in Fig. 1. Record this length. **Note:** this distance needs to include all pipe fittings, spill containers, etc. all the way up to the point where the valve is to be attached.
5. Move your float into the up position. Now the line that you marked on the float (Step 2) is at the point where the valve will shut off during the filling process. Measure from the line on the float all the way up to the point where the valve will thread onto the piping. We will call this Length X (See Fig. 3). Record this length.
6. Now you can make piping adjustments to insure that the line on the float will be in the tank at your desired shut off point when the unit is installed into the tank. To make these adjustments you can lengthen or shorten the Nipple shown in Fig. 3. You can also change the Riser Distance shown in Fig. 1. Lastly, you can make minor adjustments by moving the floats up or down. To do this loosen the allen screws on the float adjustment collars, shown in Fig. 3, move the floats up or down, and then tighten the allen screws.

Important: After making your adjustments in Step 6, the Riser Distance (Step 4) **plus** your Shut-off Distance (Step 2) should be **equal to** Length X (Step 5).

Important: If adjustments are made to the float adjustment collars, you must set the valve in the upright position and move the float up and down to insure there is no binding.

7. Use care with floats and linkage during installation. Apply a non-hardening gasoline resistant sealant sparingly to all male threads. Attach the drop tube to the bottom of the valve. Assemble piping and install valve in the tank to distance determined in the steps above.

Caution: Excessive use of thread sealant may cause the valve to function improperly, application of thread sealant should be to male threaded members of the system only (to reduce the possibility of sealant being forced inside the system).

Attention: Une utilisation excessive d'agent d'étanchéité de filet pourrait empêcher la soupape de fonctionner convenablement. L'agent d'étanchéité de filet ne devrait être appliqué qu'aux composantes filetées mâles du système (afin de réduire la possibilité que l'agent d'étanchéité de filet soit forcé à l'intérieur du système).

Important: Attach warning tag at fill point, with supplied cable tie, in location visible to operator filling the tank.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Filling Procedure

1. Make sure the fill nozzle is equipped with the appropriate mating coupler to form a secure connection with the tight fill adaptor.
2. Attach the nozzle to the tight fill adaptor making sure the connection is secure.
3. Switch on the pumping system.
4. Gradually open the fill nozzle and begin product transfer.
5. Continuously monitor tank filling process.
6. If the liquid level reaches the preset level of the 9095AA valve, and the valve shuts off, the operator may see a slight movement of the fill hose and/or hear the pump by-pass activate.
7. If the 9095AA shuts off during the tank fill, perform the overfill disconnect procedure.

Overfill Disconnect Procedure

1. If 9095AA shut-off has occurred, close the fill nozzle immediately.
2. Turn off the pumping system.
3. Slowly release one arm of the quick coupler. This will introduce air into the fill line and allow product between nozzle and valve to drain. Wait a minimum of (1) minute for product to drain.
4. Completely uncouple and remove the nozzle after the line has drained. Attempting to disconnect the coupler from the tight fill adaptor with pressure in the hose will result in a product spill.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings and instructions in this document could result in a hazardous liquid spill, which could result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, serious injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Maintenance

This valve should be maintained according to local codes or to API Recommended Practice 2350.



Warnings

- **Fire Hazard** – Death or serious injury could result from spilled liquids.
- You must be trained to maintain this valve. Stop now if you have not been trained.
- For your safety, it is important to follow local, state, federal and/or OSHA rules that apply to working inside, above, or around the storage tank and piping area. Use all personal protective equipment required for working in the specific environment.
- Tanks could be under pressure. Vapors could be expelled from tank vents, piping, valves or fittings while performing maintenance. Vapors could catch fire or cause an explosion. Avoid sparks, open flame, or hot tools when working on valves.



Avertissements

- Risque d'incendie – Un déversement de liquide pourrait entraîner des blessures graves ou la mort.
- Vous devez avoir reçu une formation pour assurer la maintenance de cette soupape. Arrêtez-vous immédiatement si vous n'avez reçu aucune formation à cet effet.
- Pour assurer votre sécurité, il est important de vous conformer à la réglementation locale, d'État, fédérale ou OSHA régissant les travaux à l'intérieur, au-dessus ou autour du réservoir de stockage et de la zone de canalisation. Utilisez tout l'équipement de protection individuelle exigé pour travailler dans l'environnement spécifique.
- Les réservoirs pourraient être sous pression. Des vapeurs pourraient être expulsées des conduits d'aération du réservoir, des canalisations, des soupapes ou des raccords durant la maintenance. Les vapeurs pourraient s'enflammer ou engendrer une explosion. Évitez les étincelles, les flammes nues ou les outils chauds lors de travaux menés dans les soupapes.

If valve is fitted with the optional test mechanism you can simulate a high product level by pulling the test mechanism lever during a fill. If the valve does not prevent product transfer when the test mechanism is pulled, or the valve is not fitted with a test mechanism, please do the following:

1. Remove valve from the tank.
2. Inspect the float and float linkages for any damage and make sure the float can move up and down freely. If the float or the float linkages have been damaged, or the float cannot move up and down freely, the valve must be sent back to the factory for evaluation.
3. Look down into the top of the valve to inspect for any debris or foreign objects that may have entered the valve. If you can see any debris or foreign objects, the valve must be returned to the factory for evaluation.
4. Check for freedom of plunger movement by securing float, turning unit upside down, and looking through the body opening at the plunger. The plunger should slide freely to contact the seal surface of the body and drop back down into the dash pot when turned to the upright position. You may also hear a clunking/clicking sound when turning valve upside down and right side up. If you cannot see the plunger move freely or if this clunking/click sound is not present, it may indicate that the valve plunger is stuck and the valve must be returned to the factory for evaluation.
5. Inspect the vent warning tag located near the tank fill point. If the tag is damaged or difficult to read, contact Morrison Bros. Co. at (800) 553-4840 for a free replacement tag.



Failure to follow any or all of the warnings may render the valve nonfunctional and could result in a hazardous product spill, which may result in property damage, environmental contamination, fire, explosion, injury or death.



Le fait de ne pas se conformer à l'un ou l'autre des avertissements ou à l'une ou l'autre des directives apparaissant dans ce document pourrait donner lieu à des déversements de liquides dangereux, lesquels pourraient engendrer des dommages matériels, des risques de contamination environnementale, d'incendie ou d'explosion, des blessures graves ou la mort.

Calculation for shut-off point for liquids with specific gravities different than those shown in Fig. 2.

Shut-off point distance = $((1 - \text{specific gravity}) \times 1.8) + 2.1$

Measure this distance up from the bottom of the float and mark as indicated in Steps 3 & 4 of the Installation Steps and then follow the rest of the Installation Steps.

WARRANTY: If you believe this vent has a defect due to material or workmanship, please contact Morrison for a return authorization. All products are thoroughly tested before shipment and meet all applicable performance standards and specifications. Only material found to be defective in manufacture will be replaced or repaired at our discretion. Claims must be made within one year from the date of installation, and Morrison Bros. Co. will not allow claims for labor or consequential damage resulting from purchase, installation or misapplication of the product. The warranty registration information must be provided to the end user.

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Certificate Number 20151203-MH21138
Report Reference MH21138-20070405
Issue Date 2015-DECEMBER-03

Issued to: MORRISON BROTHERS CO
570 E 7TH ST
DUBUQUE IA 52001

This is to certify that
representative samples of

TANK ACCESSORIES FOR FLAMMABLE AND
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS CERTIFIED FOR CANADA

Model 9095A, 9095AA, 9095AM in nominal pipe sizes
(NPS) 2 and 3, and Model 9095X in nominal pipe size
(NPS) 2", Series overfill protection device for use with
petroleum products and for pressure fill installations with a
maximum pressure of 690 kPa.

Model 9095S and 9095SA Series overfill protection device
in nominal pipe size (NPS) 2", for use with petroleum
products and for pressure fill installations with a maximum
pressure 690 of kPa

Have been investigated by UL in accordance with the
Standard(s) indicated on this Certificate.

Standard(s) for Safety: CAN/ULC-S661-10 Overfill Protection Devices For
Flammable And Combustible Liquid Storage Tanks

Additional Information: See the UL Online Certifications Directory at
www.ul.com/database for additional information

Only those products bearing the UL Certification Mark should be considered as being covered by UL's
Certification and Follow-Up Service.

Look for the UL Certification Mark on the product.



Bruce Mahrenholz, Director North American Certification Program
UL LLC

Any information and documentation involving UL Mark services are provided on behalf of UL LLC (UL) or any authorized licensee of UL. For questions, please
contact a local UL Customer Service Representative at <http://ul.com/aboutul/locations/>

