

CFR 21.4201 to delete the Dependents' Educational Assistance Program from the list of programs affected by the 85-15 percent veteran-nonveteran ratio requirement. Interested people were given 30 days to submit comments, suggestions or objections. The VA received two letters. One letter was from a university. The other was from an educational organization.

One writer wanted the need for the 85-15 percent ratio requirement reexamined with a view towards eliminating 38 CFR 21.4201 entirely. The VA is unable to accept this suggestion.

The 85-15 percent ratio is a requirement of law (38 U.S.C. 1673(d)). The law permits the Administrator of Veterans Affairs to allow waiver of this requirement. 38 CFR 21.4201, besides containing the requirement itself, contains criteria which, if met, will permit waiver of the requirement. As long as this requirement remains in the law the VA must administer it. The agency does not believe it has the authority to eliminate the requirement entirely.

The other writer supported the amendment. Accordingly, the VA is making the proposal final.

The VA has determined that this amended regulation does not contain a major rule as that term is defined by E.O. 12291, entitled Federal Regulation. The regulation will not have a \$100 million annual effect on the economy, and will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for anyone. It will have no significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises in domestic or export markets.

The Administrator of Veterans Affairs has certified that this proposed amended regulation, if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities as they are defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601-612. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the amended regulation, therefore, is exempt from the initial and final regulatory flexibility analyses requirements of §§ 603 and 604. This certification can be made because the regulation affects only individuals. It will have no significant economic impact on small entities, i.e., small businesses, small private and nonprofit organizations and small governmental jurisdictions.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number for the program affected by this amended regulation is 64.117.

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 21

Civil rights, Claims, Education, Grant programs-education, Loan programs-education, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Schools, Veterans, Vocational education, Vocational rehabilitation.

Approved: October 30, 1987.

Thomas K. Turnage,
Administrator.

PART 21—[AMENDED]

In 38 CFR Part 21, Vocational and Rehabilitation and Education, § 21.4201 is amended by revising the introductory text of paragraph (g)(2) to read as follows:

§ 21.4201 Restrictions on enrollment, percentage of students receiving financial support.

* * * * *

(g) * * *
(2) Except for those enrollments with a beginning date before or the same as the date the school completed the most recent computation, no benefits will be paid either under chapter 106, Title 10, United States Code, or under Chapters 30, 32, 34, or 36, Title 38, United States Code, when that computation establishes that the course—

(Authority: 10 U.S.C. 2136, 38 U.S.C. 1434, 1641, 1673(d); Pub. L. 98-525.)

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[A-1-FRL-3295-5]

Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Information notice.

SUMMARY: The 1982 Ozone and Carbon Monoxide State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts was approved on November 9, 1983 (48 FR 51480) with the understanding that an update of the point source inventory would be submitted by June 1, 1985. On May 31, and June 7, 1985 and June 30, 1987, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Quality Engineering (DEQE) submitted the emissions inventory update fulfilling the 1982 SIP deficiency.

ADDRESSES: Copies of DEQE's submittal are available for public inspection at the

State Air Programs Branch, Environmental Protection Agency, Region I, JFK Federal Building, Room 2311, Boston, Massachusetts 02203, (617) 565-3245.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cynthia L. Greene, (617) 565-3244; (FTS) 635-3244.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 31, and June 7, 1985 and June 30, 1987 the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Quality Engineering (DEQE) submitted an update of their point source inventory. In the November 9, 1983 Federal Register (48 FR 51480), EPA approved Massachusetts' point source inventory with the understanding that the State would update the point source inventory by June 1, 1985. The update was required because the three following reporting requirements were missing from the 1982 SIP submittal: A sample VOC emission calculation, a breakdown of total emissions into individual emission points at 122 major facilities, and a complete detailed categorization of 216 miscellaneous point sources into specific processes. The May 31, and June 7, 1985 submittals partially corrected the deficiencies, and the June 30, 1987 submittal completed the required update.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 60

Air pollution, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone.

Dated: November 2, 1987.

Michael R. Deland,

Regional Administrator, Region I.

[FR Doc. 87-27301 Filed 11-30-87; 8:45 am]

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40 CFR Part 271

[FRL-3296-5]

Florida; Final Authorization of State Hazardous Waste Management Program

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final authorization of State program.

SUMMARY: Florida has applied for final authorization of revisions to its hazardous waste program under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). EPA has reviewed Florida's application and has made a decision, subject to public review and comment, that Florida's hazardous waste program revision satisfies all of the requirements necessary to qualify for final authorization. Thus, EPA intends to approve Florida's hazardous waste program revisions. Florida's application

for program revision is available for public review and comment.

DATES: Final authorization for Florida shall be effective January 30, 1988, unless EPA publishes a prior Federal Register action withdrawing this immediate final rule. All comments on Florida's program revision application must be received by the close of business December 31, 1987.

ADDRESSES: Copies of Florida's program revision application are available during normal business hours at the following addresses for inspection and copying: Florida Department of Environmental Regulation, Twin Towers Office Building, Room 421, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, telephone (904) 488-0300; U.S. EPA Headquarters Library, PM 211A, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460, Telephone: (202) 382-5926; U.S. EPA Region IV, Library, 345 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30365, Telephone: (404) 347-4216.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Otis Johnson, Jr., Chief, Waste Planning Section, RCRA Branch, Waste Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 345 Courtland Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30365, Telephone: (404) 347-3016.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

States with final authorization under section 3006(b) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA" or "the Act"), 42 U.S.C. 6929(b), have a continuing obligation to maintain a hazardous waste program that is equivalent to, consistent with, and no less stringent than the Federal hazardous waste program. In addition, as an interim measure, the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (Pub. L. 98-616, November 8, 1987, herein after "HSWA") allows States to revise their programs to become substantially equivalent instead of equivalent to RCRA requirements promulgated under HSWA authority. States exercising the latter option receive "interim authorization" for the HSWA requirements under section 3006(g) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. 6926(g), and later apply for final authorization for the HSWA requirements.

Revisions to State's hazardous waste program are necessary when Federal or State statutory or regulatory authority is modified or when certain other changes occur. Most commonly, State program revisions are necessitated by changes to EPA's regulations in 40 CFR Parts 260-266 and 124 and 270.

B. Florida.

Florida initially received final authorization of its hazardous waste program on February 12, 1985 (50 FR 3108, January 29, 1985).

On February 27, 1987, Florida submitted a final program revision application for non-HSWA requirements promulgated through June 30, 1985. Today, Florida is seeking approval of its program revision in accordance with 40 CFR 21(b)(3). Florida was placed on a schedule of compliance to obtain program modifications for section 3006(f). Availability of Information, of the HSWA (52 FR 25913 July 10, 1987).

EPA has reviewed Florida's application, and has made an immediate final decision that Florida's hazardous waste program revision satisfies all of the requirements necessary to qualify for final authorization. Consequently, EPA intends to grant final authorization for the additional program modifications to Florida. The public may submit written comments on EPA's immediate final decision up until December 31, 1987. Copies of Florida's application for program revision are available for inspection and copying at the locations indicated in the "Addresses" section of this notice.

Approval of Florida's program revision shall become effective in 60 days unless an adverse comment pertaining to the State's revision discussed in this notice is received by the end of the comment period. If an adverse comment is received EPA will publish either (1) a withdrawal of the immediate final decision or (2) a notice containing a response to comments which either affirms that the immediate final decision takes effect or reverses the decision.

Florida is today seeking authority to administer the following Federal Requirements promulgated prior to June 30, 1985:

• Biennial Reports.	48 FR 3977	Jan 28, 1983.
• Permit Rules-Settlement Agreement.	48 FR 39522	Sep 1, 1983.
• Interim Status Standards Applicability.	48 FR 52718	Nov 22, 1983.
• Chlorinated Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Listing.	49 FR 5338	Feb 10, 1984.
• National Uniform Manifest.	49 FR 10490	Mar 20, 1984.
• Permit Rules-Settlement Agreement.	49 FR 17716	Apr 24, 1984.
• Warfarin & Zinc Phosphide Listing.	49 FR 19922	May 10, 1984.

• Limit Stabilized Pickle Liquor Sludge.	49 FR 23284	Jun 5, 1984.
• Exclusion of Household Waste.	49 FR 44880	Nov 13, 1984.
• Interim Status Standards Applicability.	49 FR 40095	Nov 21, 1984.
• Satellite Accumulation.	49 FR 49571	Dec 20, 1984.
• Interim Status Standards for Landfills.	50 FR 16044	Apr 23, 1985.

C. Decision

I conclude that Florida's application for program revision meets all the statutory and regulatory requirements established by RCRA. Accordingly, Florida is granted final authorization to operate its hazardous waste program as revised. Florida now has additional responsibility for permitting treatment, storage and disposal facilities within its borders and carrying out other aspects of the RCRA program, subject to the limitation of its revised program application and previously approved authorities. Florida also has primary enforcement responsibilities, although EPA retains the right to conduct inspections under section 3007 of RCRA to take enforcement actions under section 3008, 3013 and 7003 of RCRA.

Compliance With Executive Order 12291

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this rule from the requirements of section 3 of Executive Order 12291.

Certification Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act

Pursuant to the provisions of 4 U.S.C. 605(b), I hereby certify that this authority will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This authorization effectively suspends the applicability of certain Federal regulations in favor of Florida's program, thereby eliminating duplicative requirements for handlers of hazardous waste in the State. It does not impose any new burdens on small entities. This rule, therefore, does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 271

Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Indian lands, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Water pollution control, Water supply.