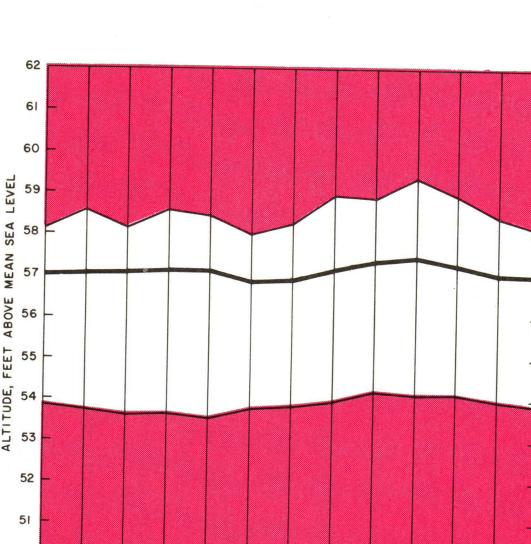
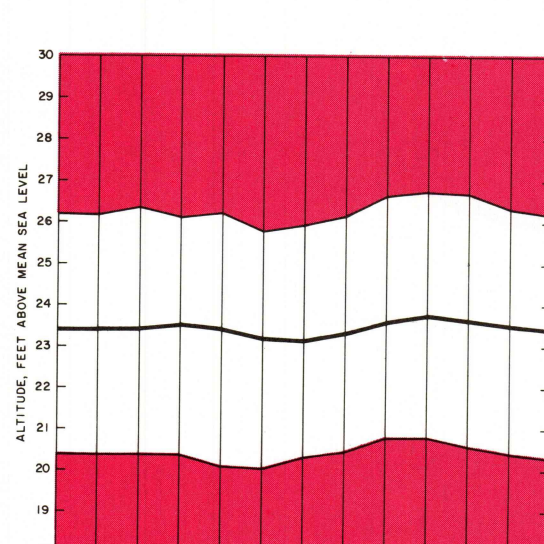




By  
Warren Anderson and Glen L. Faulkner

[illegible]

In nature where it rains the land surface is continually dissolved so that a natural surface water is mostly a measure of the minerals dissolved in the water as it moves over the land surface or through the soil or down to a stream or lake. Most water in streams in Marion County, and in lesser degree in lakes, is of the calcium and magnesium bicarbonate type, meaning that the principal dissolved solids in the water come from the dissolution of limestone. The water may also contain some iron and fluoride and which make up the Floridan aquifer. Because calcium and magnesium bicarbonates cause hardness in water, a high mineral content in water in Marion County usually means that the water is hard. The mineral content of streams in Marion County ranges from 20 mg/l (milligrams per liter), soft, to more than 400 mg/l, very hard.

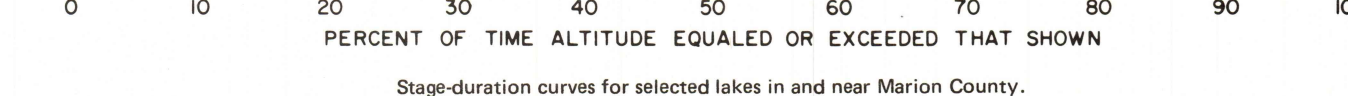
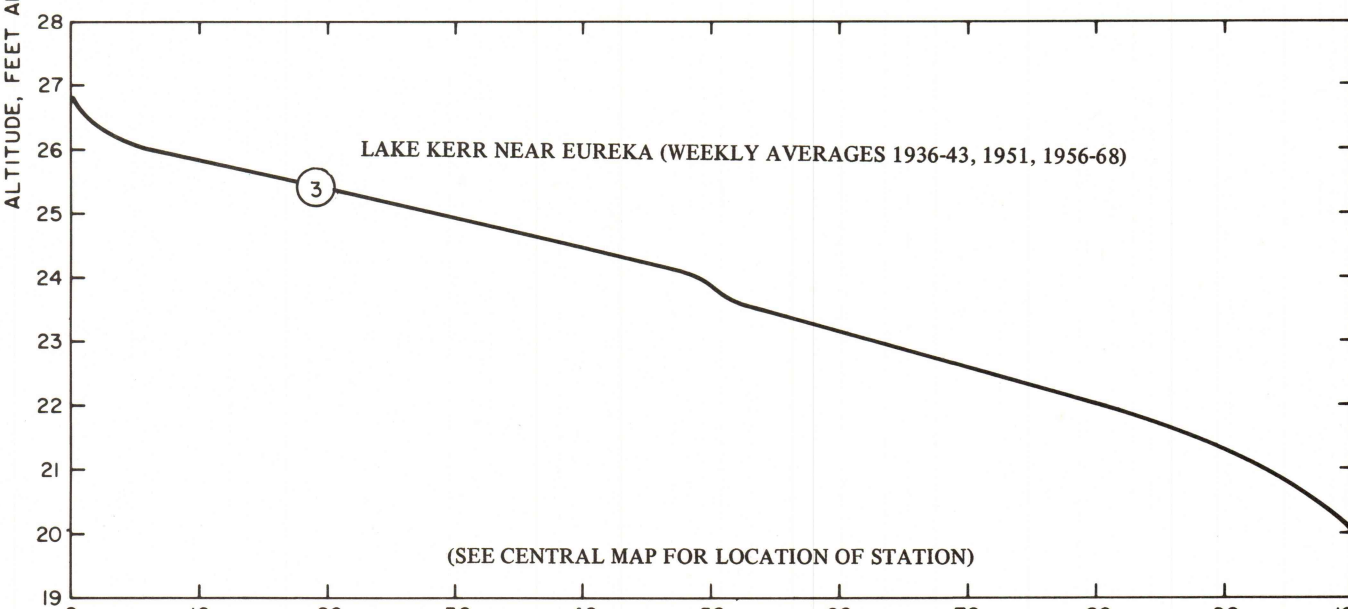
The amount of mineral content in water varies much less than that of the water in streams because water in streams is constantly renewed from the surface. Lake, direct surface runoff, or seepage from the water-table aquifer, which consists mostly of sand. The mineral content of water

As with these source localities, the mineral content of the other streams is less than that of Orange Creek because most of their base flow is derived from precipitation. The mineral content of the water in their flood flow is from direct runoff or rainfall. Water from the Jordan aquifer contains more dissolved minerals than water from the other sources contains. The minimum mineral content of Oklahoma River water is from the Jordan aquifer, and the maximum is from Moss Bluff and Lake Griffin. The higher content is typical of water in Lake Griffin. The generally lower mineral content of water in the Oklahoma River near Ocala than at Moss Bluff is probably due to surface runoff, and to seepage from the water-table aquifer in the surface area. The lower mineral content of the water in the Oklahoma River at Riverside Landing near Orange Springs than at the upstream sites is inflow from Silver Springs and the ground water that enters the river downstream from Silver Springs. The inflow from Silver Springs and the ground water reflects the influence of discharge from Silver Springs and the ground-water sources which make up a relatively large part of the inflow here even during floods. Spring flow is a relatively small part of the inflow here during floods. Consequently, the mineral content is a smaller part of its base flow. Consequently, the mineral content

The river is low at high discharge and high at low discharge. The mineral content of Silver Springs is much more than that of Rainbow Springs, indicating that either the water from Silver Springs remains in contact with the limestone aquifer longer than that from Rainbow Springs or the limestones of the aquifer feeding Silver Springs are more soluble than those feeding Rainbow Springs. The mineral content of all is in Marion County is low.

Color in the streams is caused mostly by organic matter that reaches stream in direct runoff during rainy periods. Thus, color is low during low flow and high during high flow. In general, the springs are

The pH of a water indicates whether the water is acidic or alkaline. If the pH is 7.0 the water is neutral. If its pH is less than 7.0 it is acidic and greater than 7.0 it is alkaline. Most natural waters tend to be either slightly acidic or slightly alkaline. For instance, rainwater usually has a pH of about 5.5, whereas the pH of Silver Springs water usually ranges between 7.5 and 8.0. The pH of lake water in Marion County is lower, usually less than that of streams. The higher pH of the streams supports the



Heavy black lines show the average monthly mean discharges for the periods indicated.

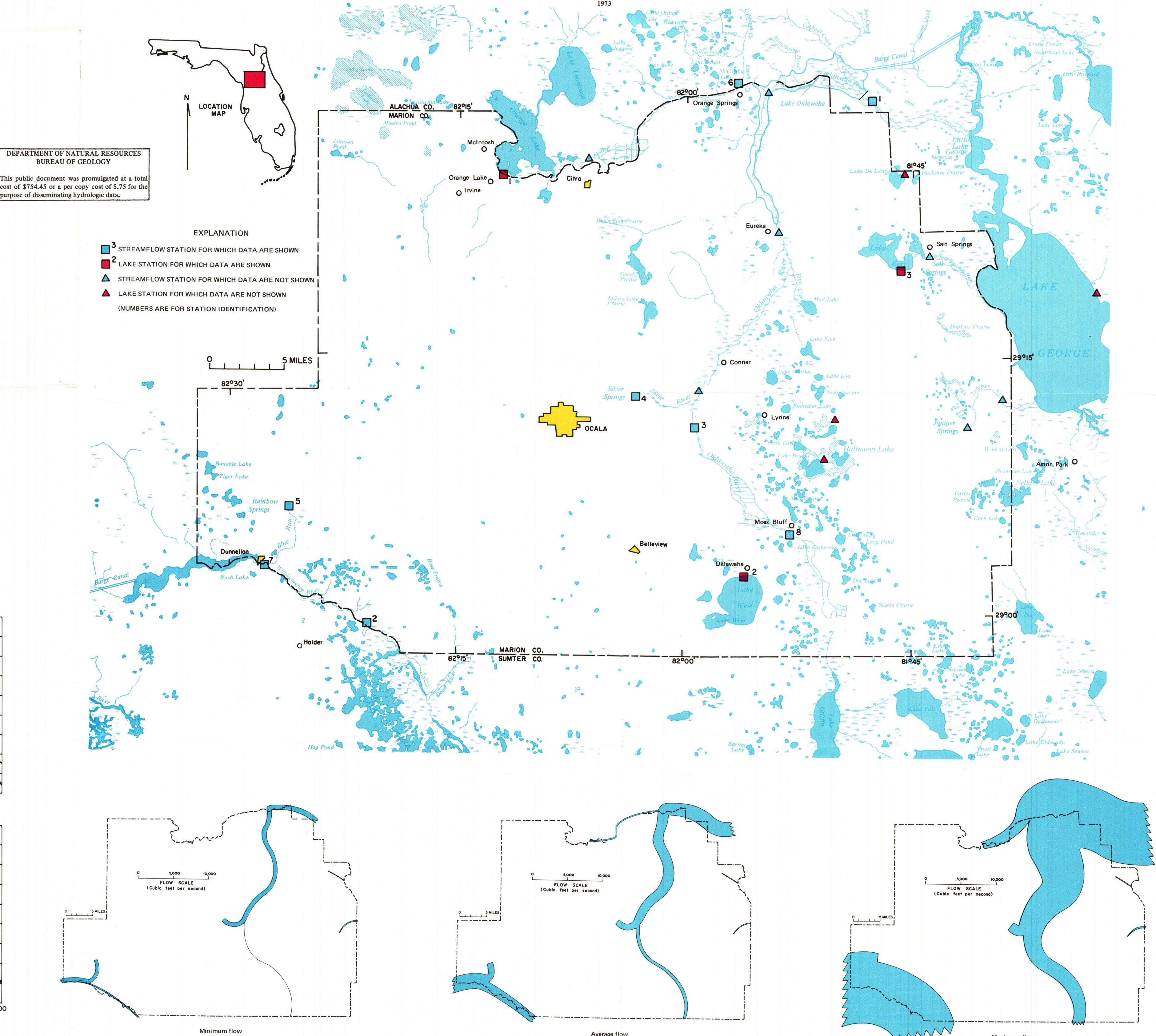
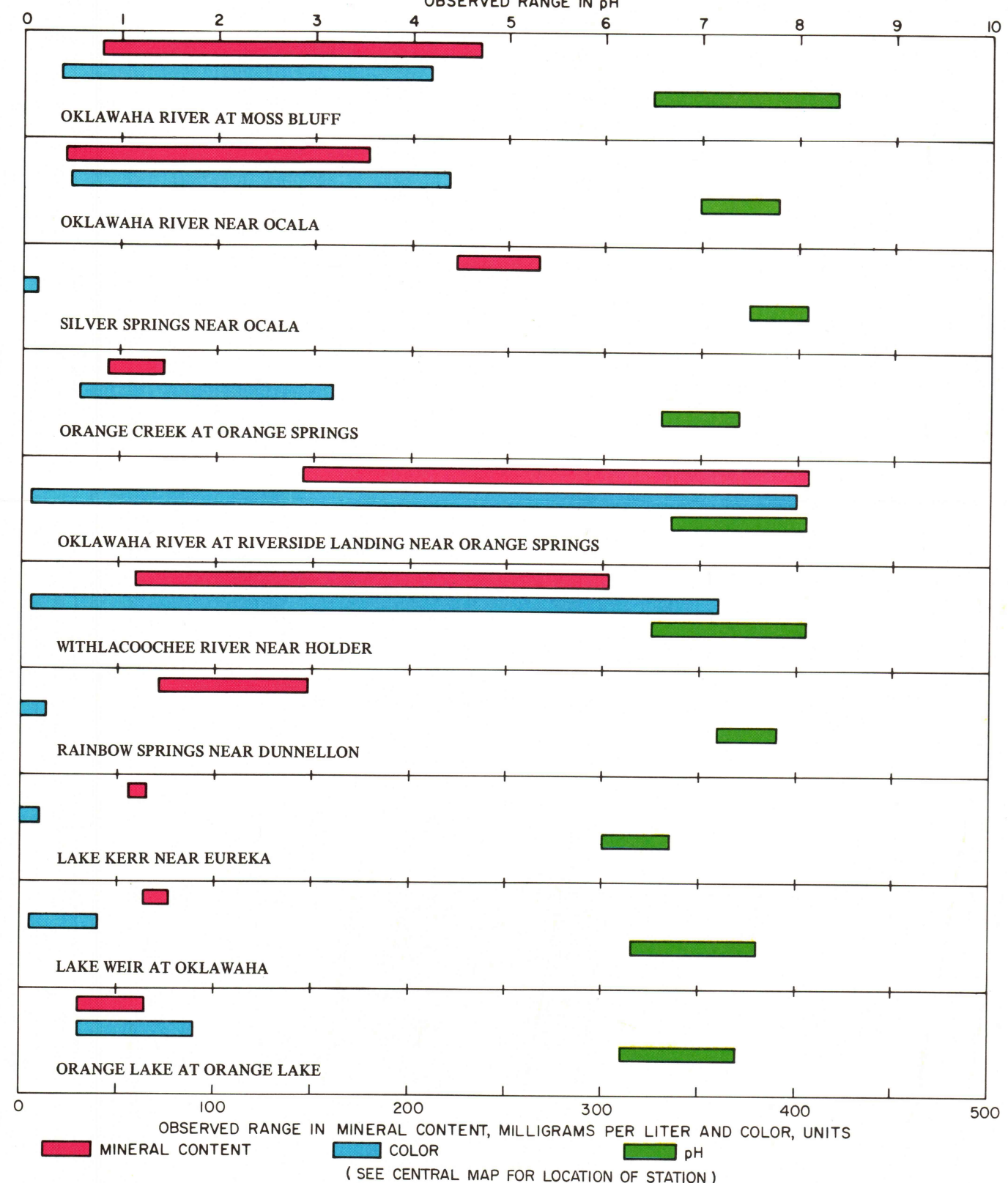
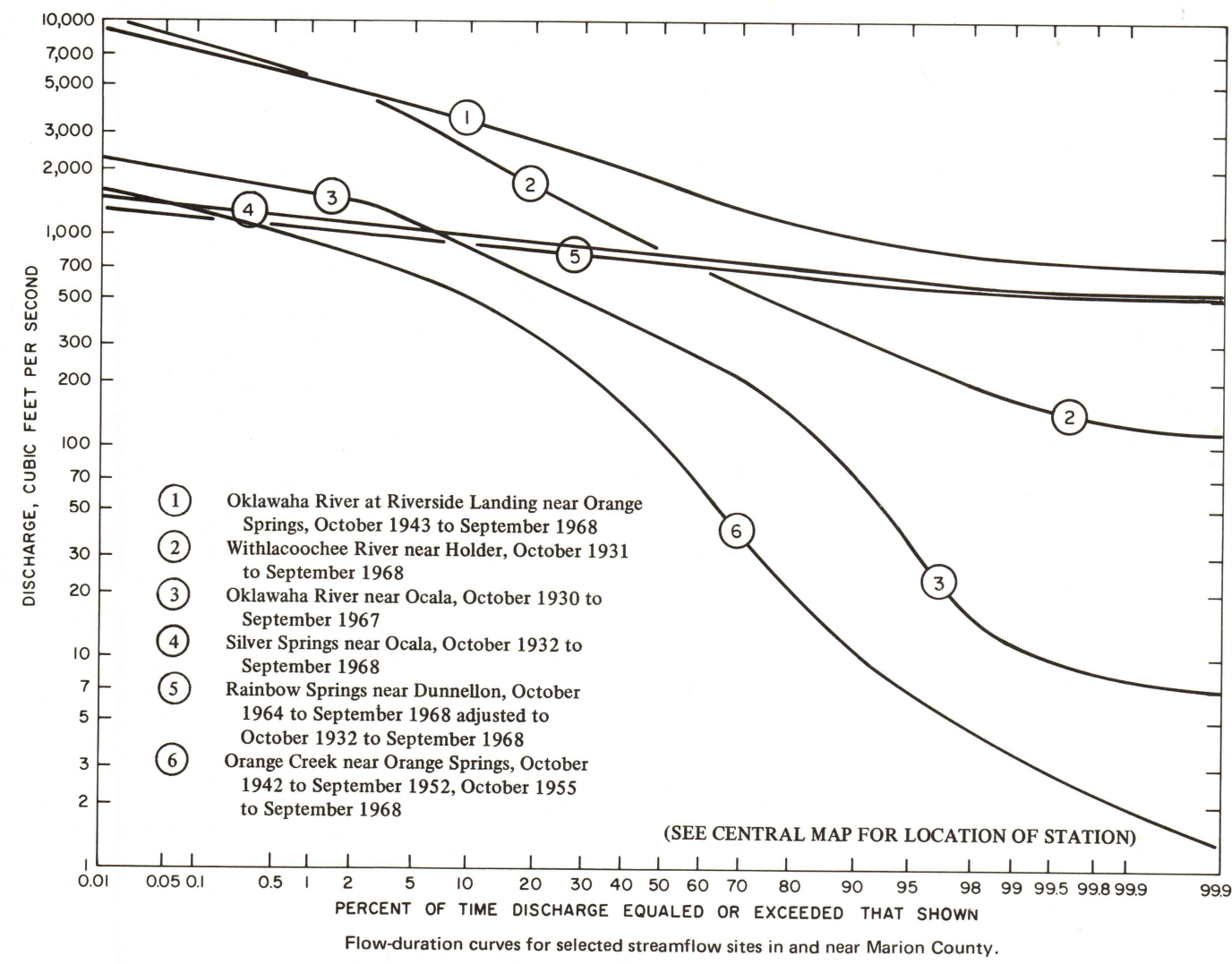
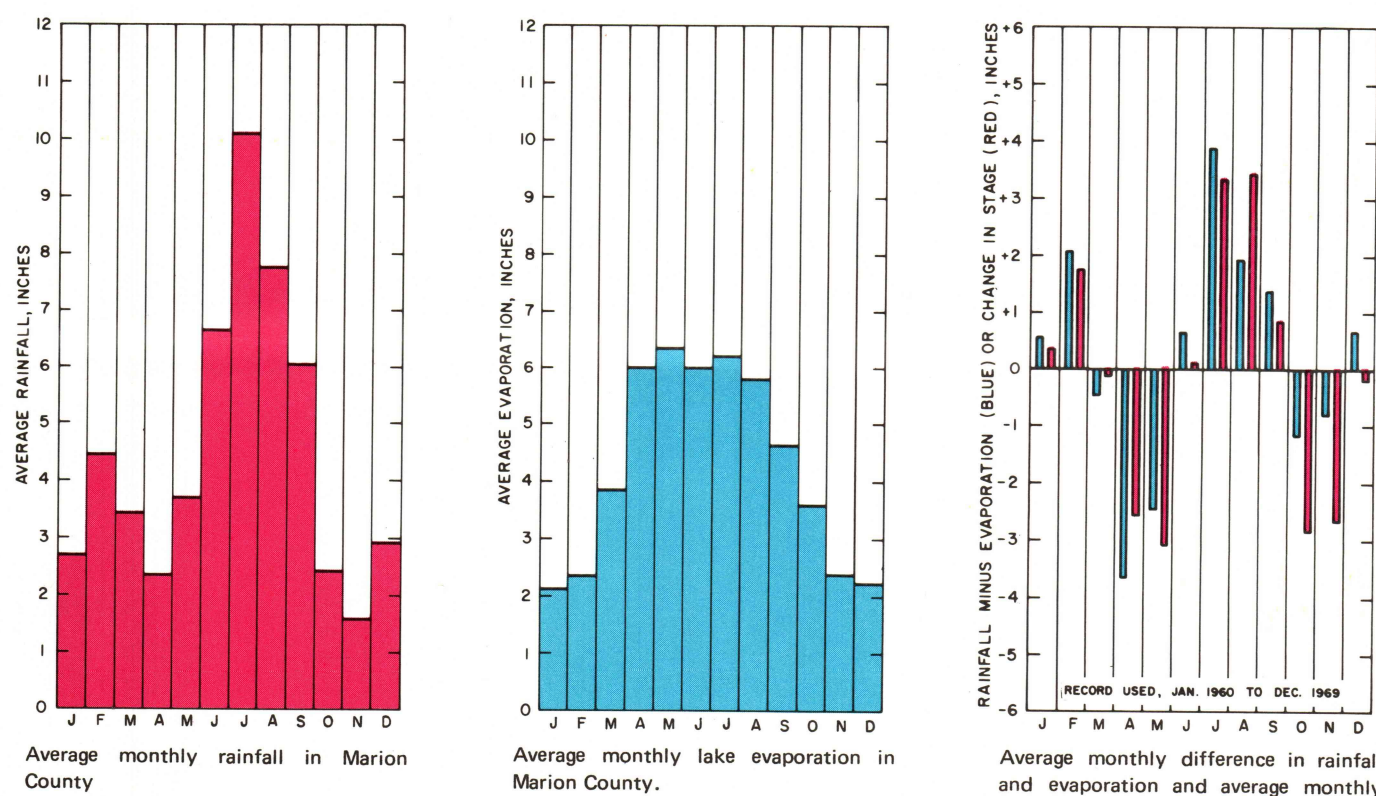
(See central map for location of station.)

STREAM AND LAKE HYDROGRAPHS FOR SELECTED STATIONS IN MARION COUNTY AND VICINITY

Unshaded part of red graphs shows maximum and minimum month-end altitudes for the periods indicated

Heavy black lines show the average month-end altitudes for the periods indicated.

(See central map for location of station.)



### COMPARATIVE FLOW CONDITIONS FOR STREAMS IN MARION COUNTY