



Continued Monitoring on Passive Nitrogen- Reducing Systems

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Division of Water Resource Management

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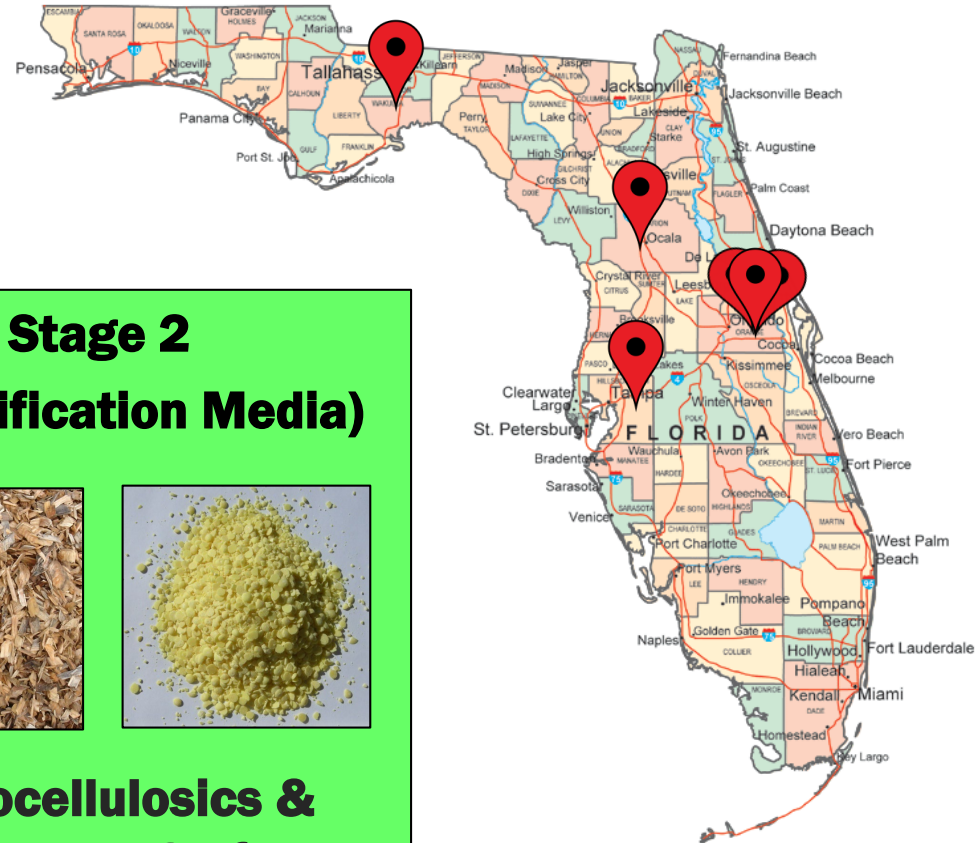
Continued Monitoring of FOSNRS Systems

- **Florida Onsite Sewage Nitrogen Reduction Strategy (FOSNRS) study installed seven full-scale passive nitrogen-reducing systems and monitored for about two years.**
- **Results showed average total nitrogen (TN) removal efficiency from 65% to 97%.**
- **The FOSNRS report recommended continuing to monitor systems to:**
 - **Evaluate continued system performance.**
 - **Observe longevity of the media.**
 - **Estimate system maintenance and operating costs.**



FOSNRS Study

2009-2015



Stage 1

(Nitrification Media)



Sand & Expanded Clay

Stage 2

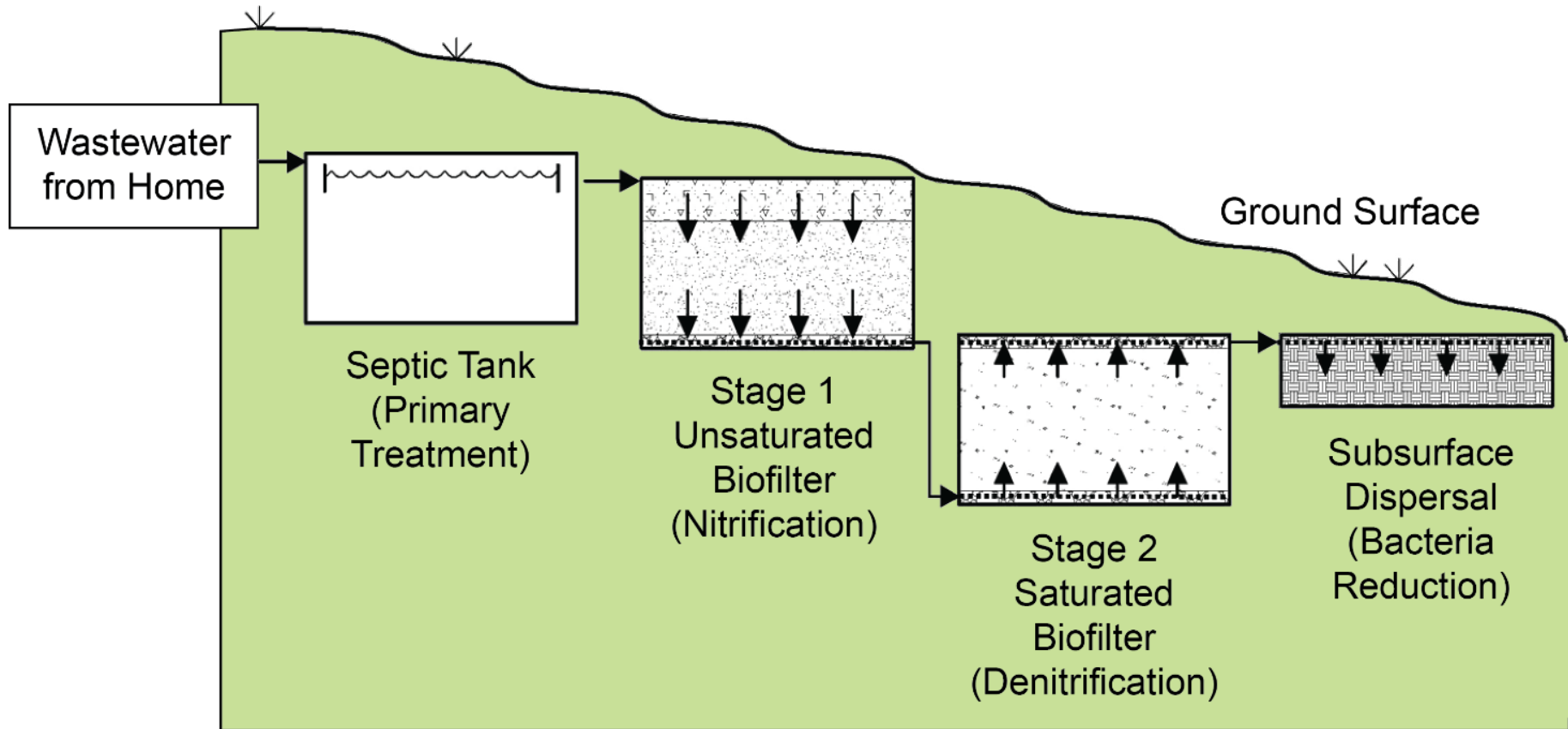
(Denitrification Media)



**Lignocellulosics &
Elemental Sulfur**

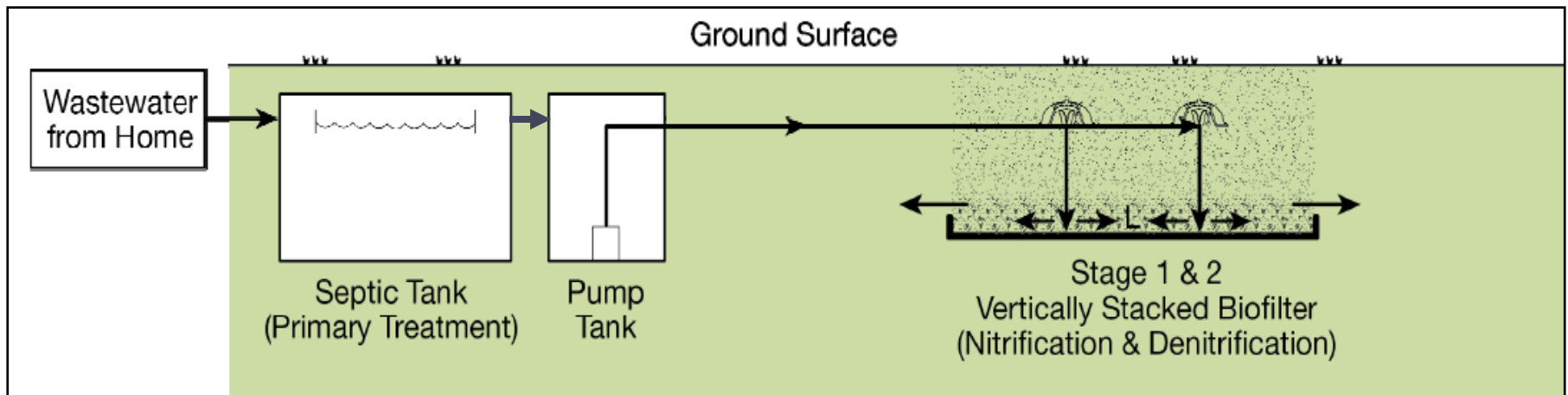


In-Tank Passive Nitrogen-Reducing Systems





In-Tank Passive Nitrogen-Reducing Systems (2)



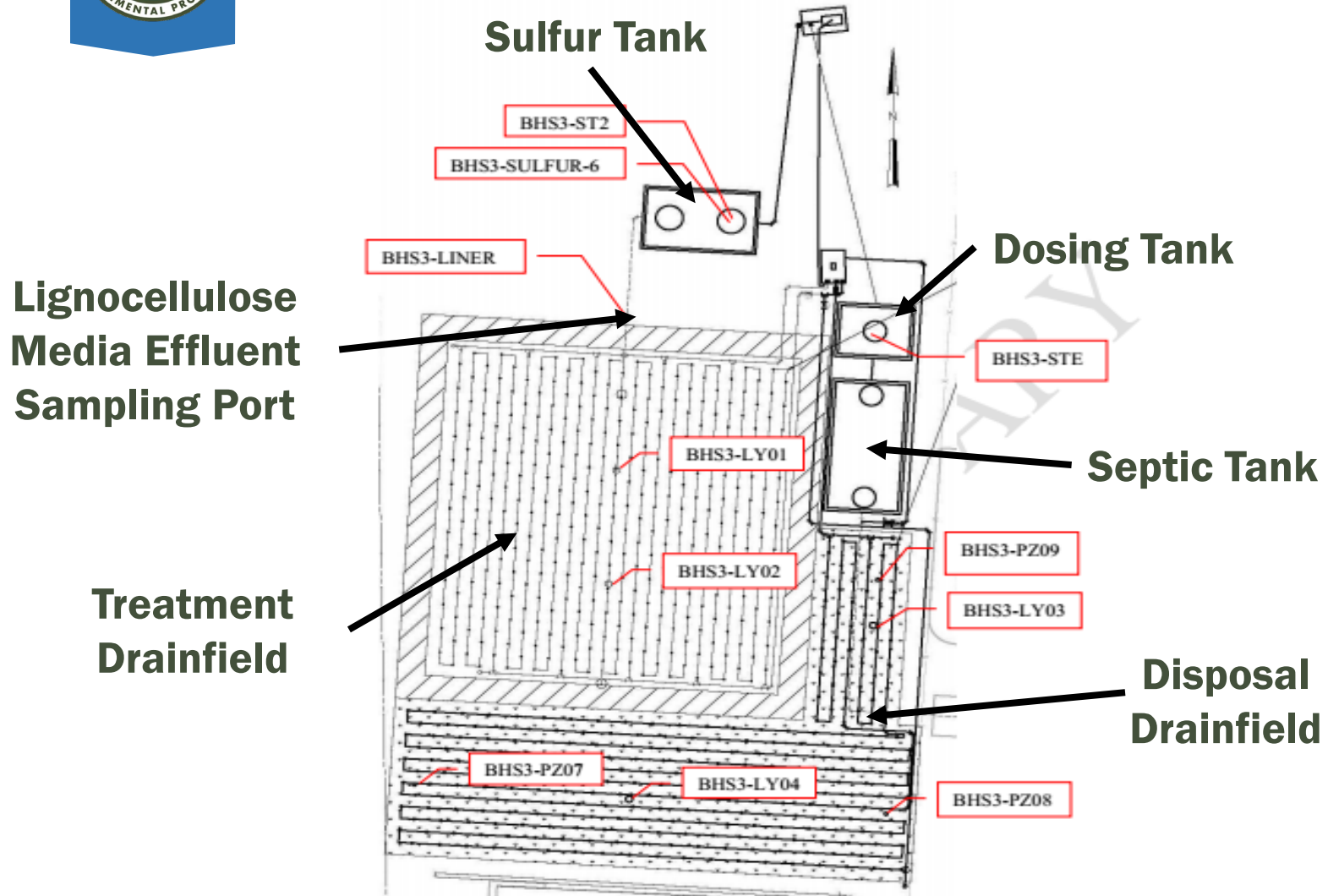


Continued Monitoring of FOSNRS Systems (2)

- **Continued monitoring started in early 2017.**
- **Four passive nitrogen-reducing systems remained in operation (B-HS3, B-HS4, B-HS5, and B-HS7).**
- **Two in-tank systems, one in-ground system, one hybrid system.**
- **Systems were inspected and monitored twice in 2017 (March and November), twice in 2018 (April and November), and four times in 2019 (February, May, September, and December).**
- **Funded by Environmental Protection Agency 319 grant.**

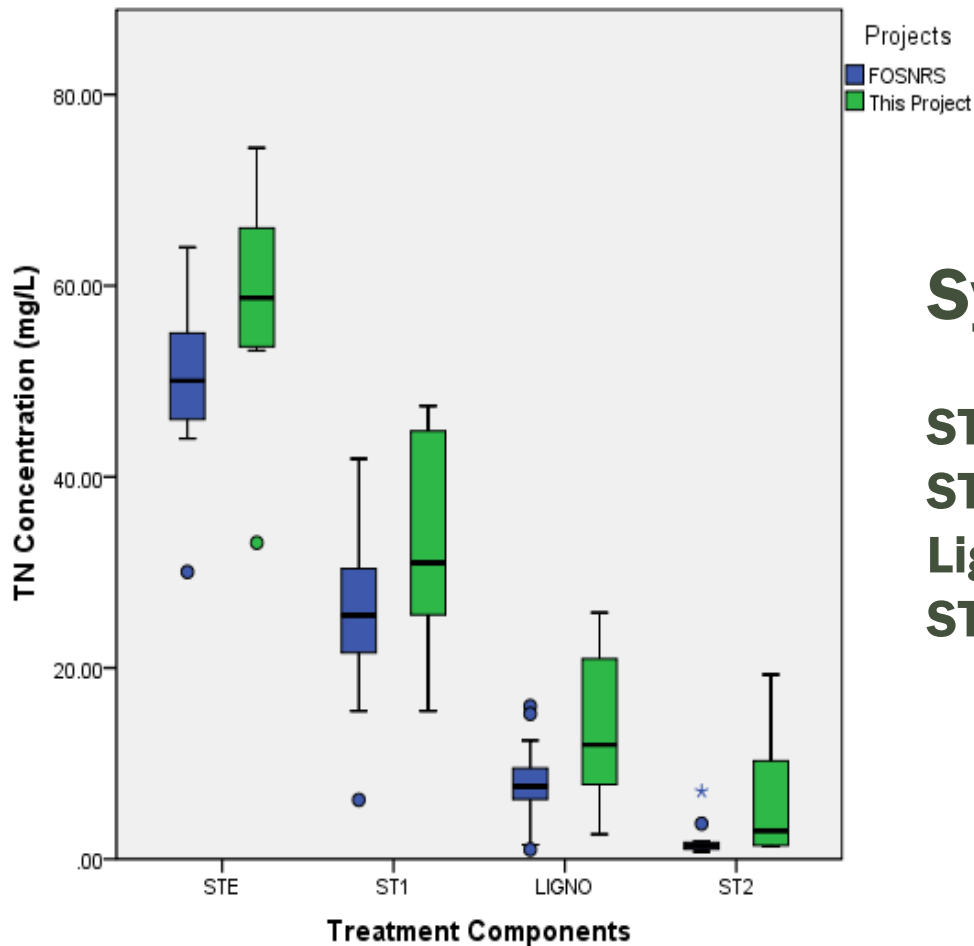


System B-HS3





TN Concentrations Along the Treatment Train



System B-HS3

STE: Septic Tank Effluent

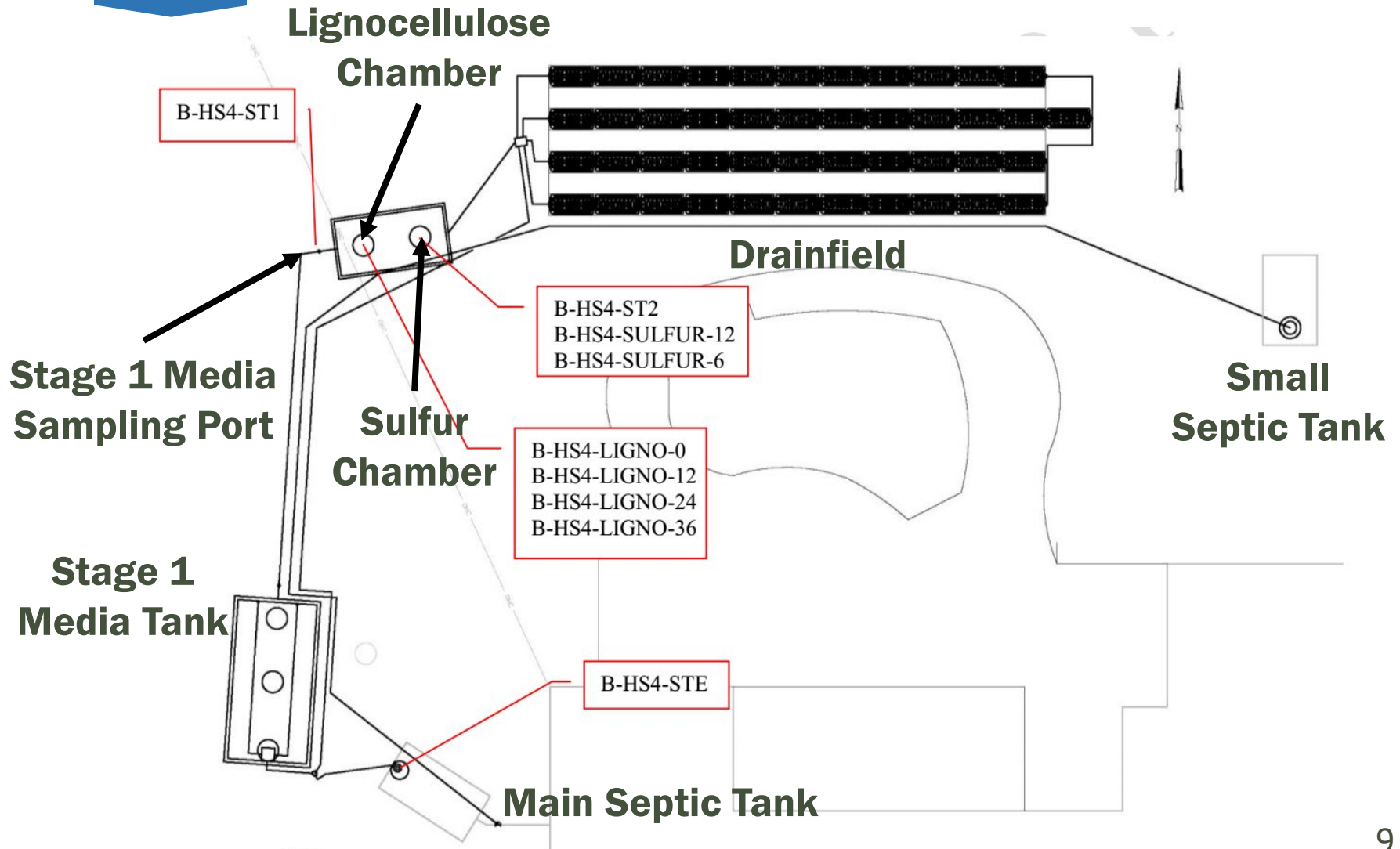
ST1: Stage 1 Media

Ligno: Lignocellulose Media

ST2: Sulfur Media

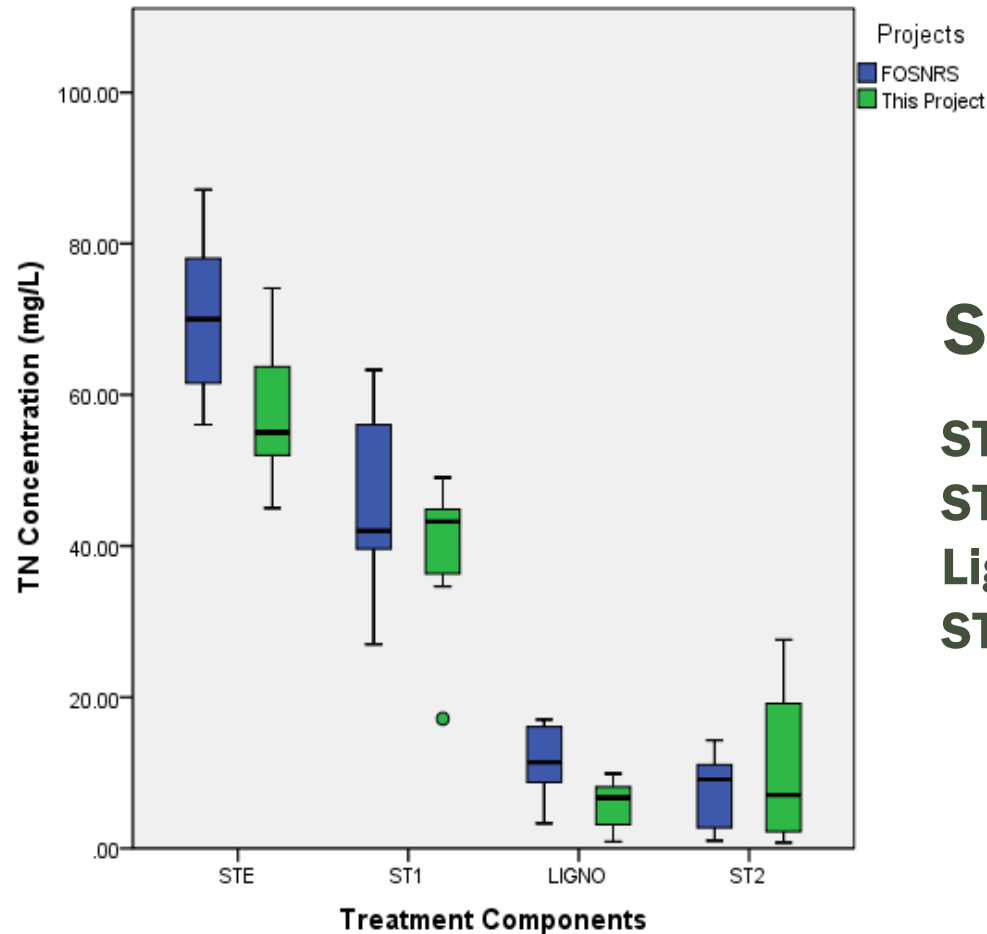


System B-HS4





TN Concentrations Along the Treatment Train (2)

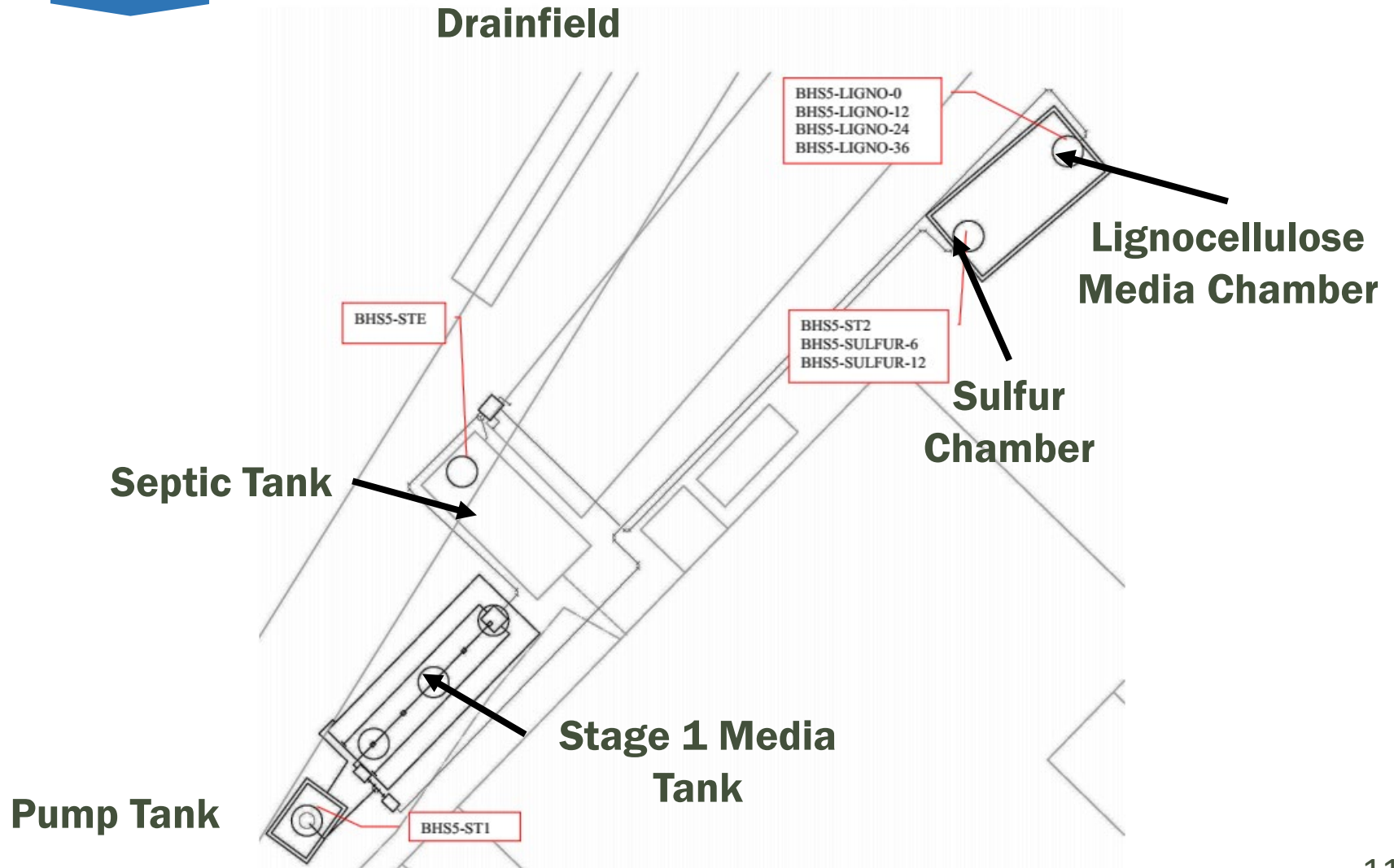


System B-HS4

STE: Septic Tank Effluent
ST1: Stage 1 Media
Ligno: Lignocellulose Media
ST2: Sulfur Media

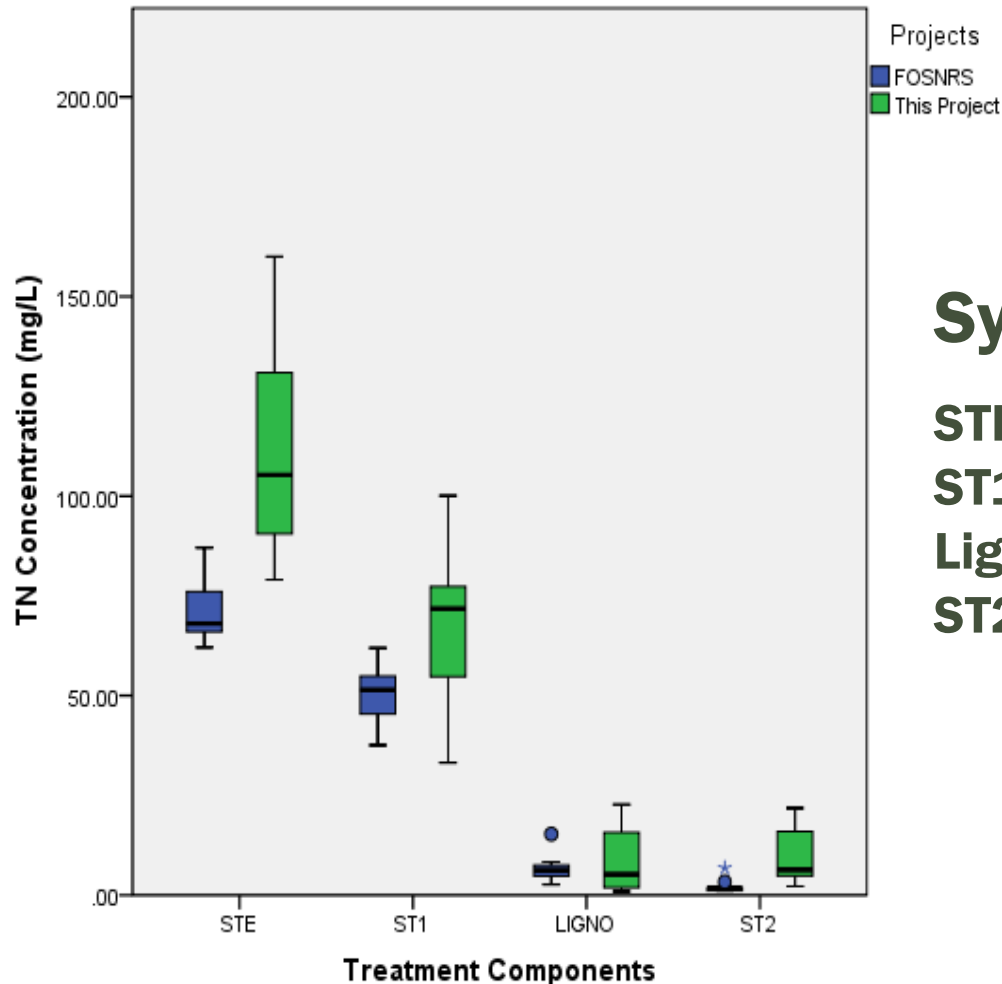


System B-HS5





TN Concentrations Along the Treatment Train (3)



System B-HS5

STE: Septic Tank Effluent

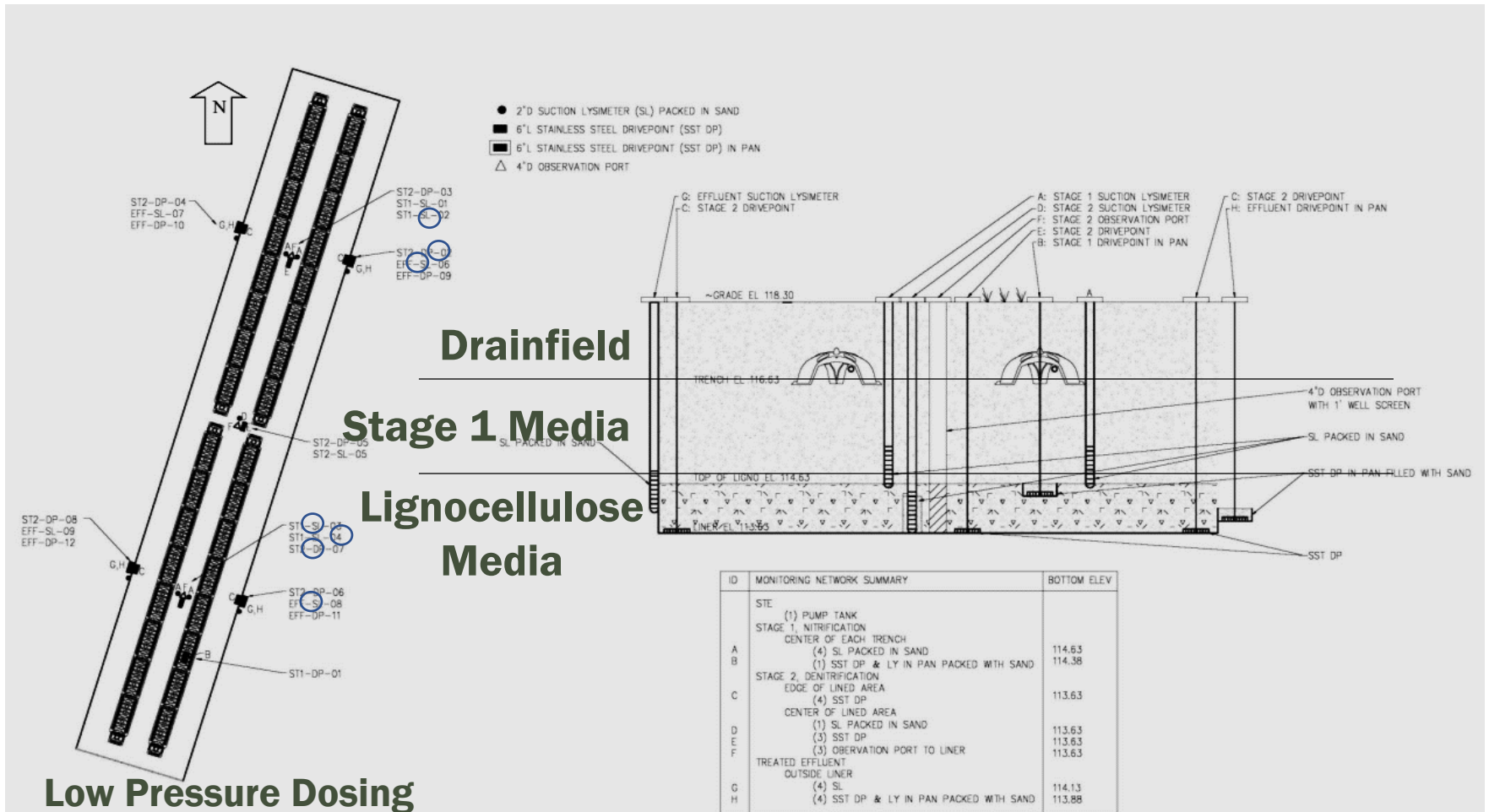
ST1: Stage 1 Media

Ligno: Lignocellulose Media

ST2: Sulfur Media



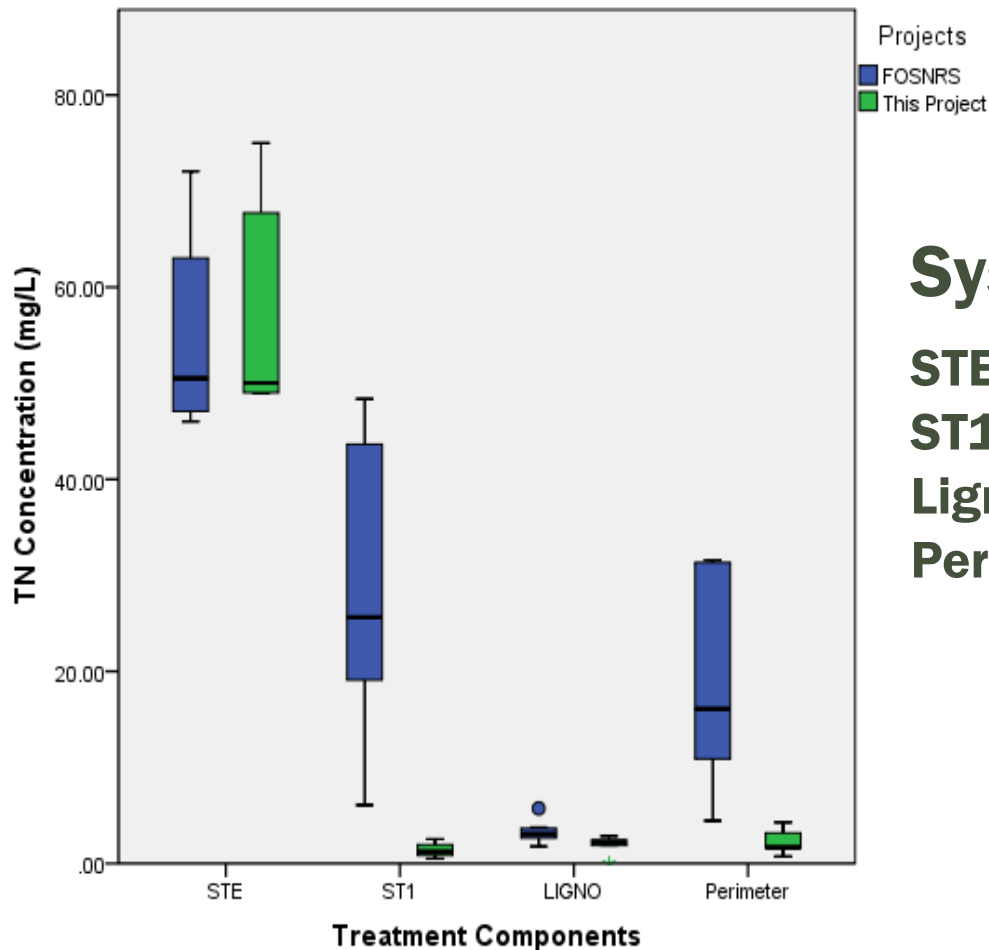
System B-HS7



**Low Pressure Dosing
Drainfield**



TN Concentrations Along the Treatment Train (4)



System B-HS7

STE: Septic Tank Effluent

ST1: Stage 1 Media

Ligno: Lignocellulose Media

Perimeter: Effluent Point



Total Phosphorus (TP) Treatment Efficiency

Site	FOSNRS Study (mg/L)			Continued Monitoring (mg/L)		
	Mean	Standard Deviation	Treatment Efficiency	Mean	Standard Deviation	Treatment Efficiency
B-HS3	5.59	1.74	96.2%	6.18	1.02	61.8%
	0.21	0.24		2.36	3.82	
B-HS4	9.44	2.06	72.0%	8.75	2.83	58.0%
	2.64	1.11		3.68	5.15	
B-HS5	5.60	3.60	71.4%	11.01	0.57	76.0%
	1.60	0.70		2.63	1.84	
B-HS7	6.93	1.24	90.1%	8.7	0.91	93.2%
	0.69	1.00		0.59	1.10	

Red font: System Influent. Blue font: System Effluent.



Summary of Continued Monitoring of FOSNRS Systems

- **Median TN removal efficiencies for B-HS3, B-HS4 and B-HS7 above 90%, and median TN removal for B-HS5 above 86% six years after the initial installation.**
- **Phosphorus removal decreased for some systems, but the effluent concentrations still better than the advanced secondary treatment standard.**
- **Vast majority of organic carbon, suspended particles, and fecal coliform were removed by these media systems.**



Summary of Continued Monitoring of FOSNRS Systems (2)

- **Lignocellulose media did not add large amount of organic carbon to effluent.**
- **Systems with elemental sulfur as denitrification media still met secondary drinking water standard for sulfate concentration in the effluent.**
- **Energy consumption remained low, electricity cost for pumps was usually less than \$3 per month.**



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